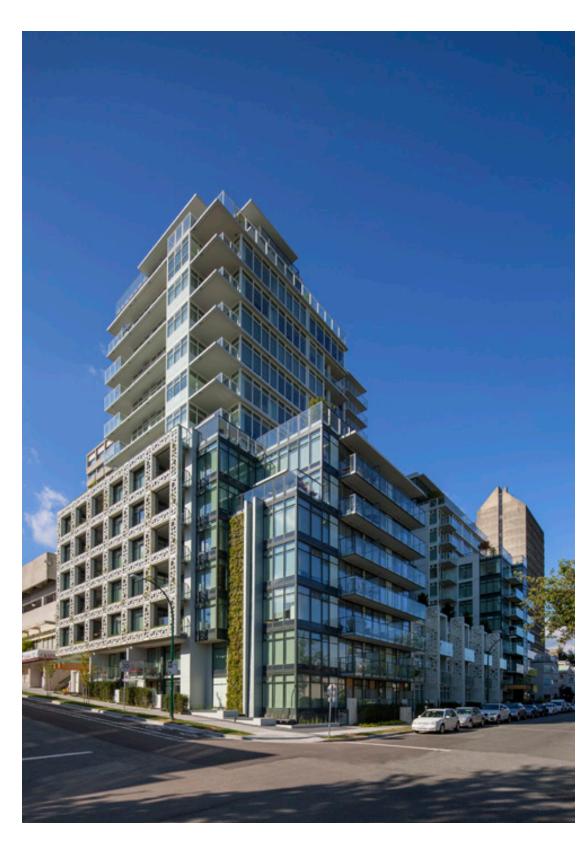
## Project Team

#### Westbank



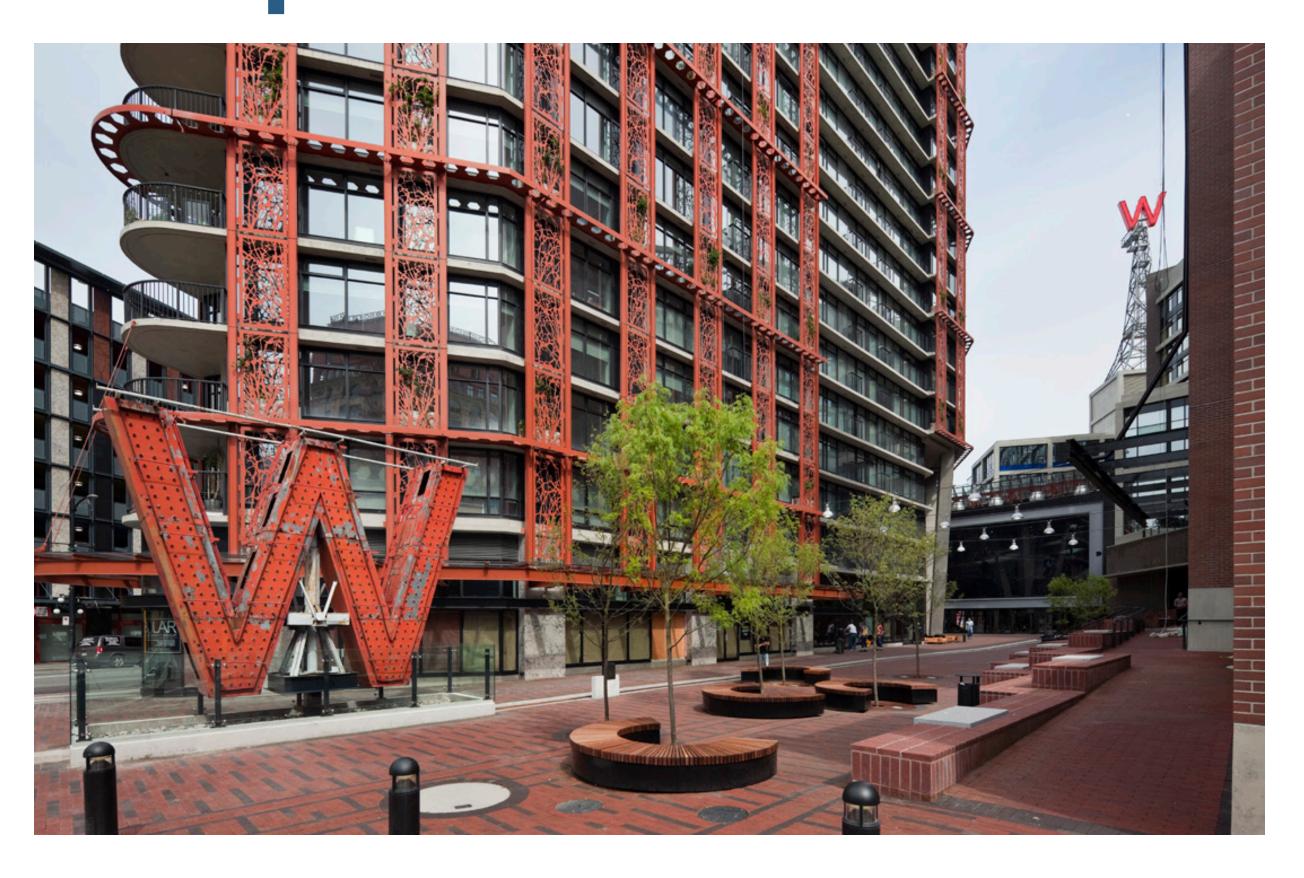




Westbank was established in Vancouver in 1992 and to date has over \$25 billion of projects either completed or under development. The leading residential and hotel developer in Canada, Westbank's primary focus is on large mixed-use urban projects involving highly complex entitlement processes and a variety of stakeholders.

With large projects completed or underway in Vancouver, Calgary, Toronto and Seattle, the Westbank team is fulfilling its vision of combining architectural excellence and thoughtful interior design with a careful consideration of each project's impact on the environment.

### Henriquez Partners Architects



Henriquez Partners believe that socially responsible community development and environmental stewardship are the foundation of good design. The firm has consistently demonstrated the ability to manage projects from design through to construction and the technical expertise to create structures that stand the test of time.

### Brook Pooni



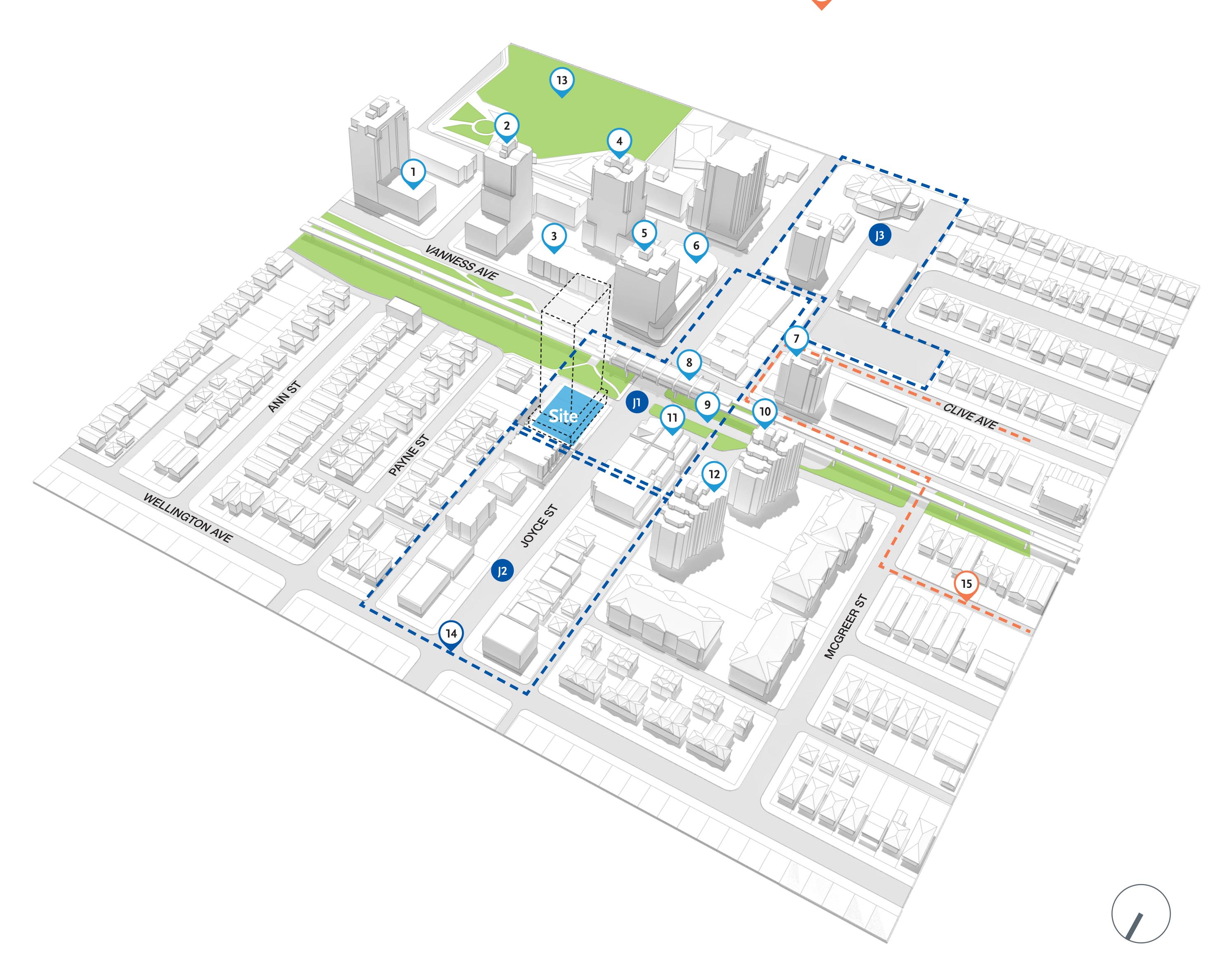
**Brook Pooni Associates** is a leading urban planning and land development consultancy based in Vancouver. Brook Pooni successfully stewards routine to complex real estate development projects through the municipal approvals process and produce planning studies on a wide array of topics.

### Site Context

- 1 The Remington, 3528 Vanness Avenue
- 2 The MacGregor, 5189 Gaston Street
- 3 Alexander Court, 3488 Vanness Avenue
- 4 The Melbourne, 3535 Crowley Drive
- 5 3535 Crowley Drive, 3438 Vanness Avenue

- 6 Vancouver Coastal Health Authority
- 7 Joyce Place, 3380 Vanness Avenue
- 8 Joyce-Collingwood Skytrain Station
- 9 Translink Bus Loop
- Queen's Court, 3455 Ascot Place

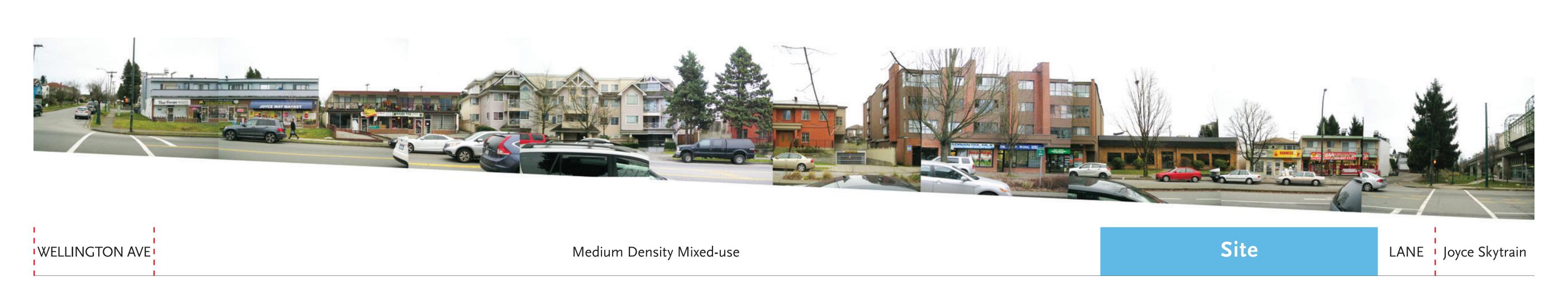
- (11) Canadian National Institute for the Blind
- Regent Court, 3489 Ascot Place
- Gaston Park, 3470 Crowley Drive
- Joyce Collingwood Station Precinct Review, Area 1 Sub-Area Boundary
  - 1 12
- Joyce Collingwood Station Precinct Review, Area 2



## Streetscapes



### Vanness Street Looking North



### Joyce Street Looking East



### Joyce Street Looking West

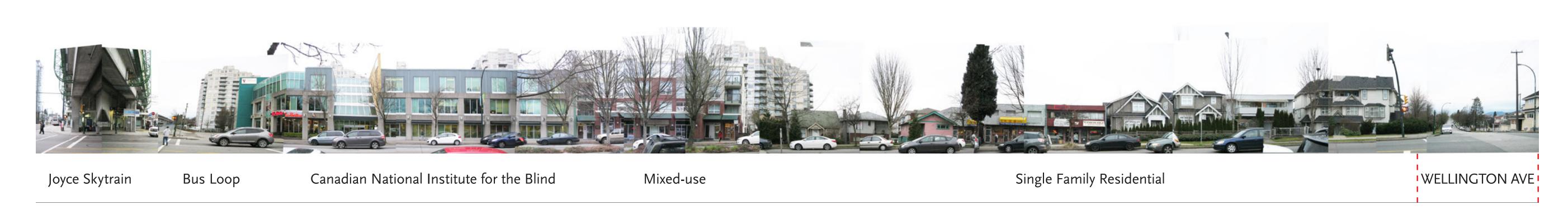
## Streetscapes



### Vanness Street Looking South



Joyce Street Looking East



Joyce Street Looking West

## Project Statistics

	PROPOSED
Site Area	1,285.3 m <sup>2</sup> (13,835.3 ft <sup>2</sup> )
Floor Space Ratio Area	18,617.3 m² (200,401.5 ft²)
Floor Space Ratio	14.48 FSR
Building Height	88.39 m (290'-0"); 30 storeys

### Project Data

	RESIDENTIAL	COMMERCIAL	OVERALL PROJECT
Gross Building Area	19,011.9 m <sup>2</sup> (204,699.1 ft <sup>2</sup> )	528.4 m <sup>2</sup> (5,687.8 ft <sup>2</sup> )	19,540.3 m <sup>2</sup> (210,336.9 ft <sup>2</sup> )

### Area Summary

UNIT TYPE	Required (per family unit policy)	NUMBER OF UNITS
Studio	N/A	30 (12%)
1 Bedroom	N/A	110 (43%)
2 Bedrooms	25%: 2 + 3 bedrooms	90 (35%)
3 Bedrooms		26 (10%)
Total Units		256

### Unit Summary

CAR PARKING	Required		Proposed		
	RESIDENTIAL	COMMERCIAL	RESIDENTIAL	CAR SHARE	COMMERCIAL
	216	8	128 (0.5 stalls/unit)	3	8

### Parking Summary

BICYCLE PARKING	Required		Proposed	
	RESIDENTIAL	COMMERCIAL	RESIDENTIAL	COMMERCIAL
Class A	320	2	320 (1.25 bikes/unit)	2
Class B	6	6	6	6

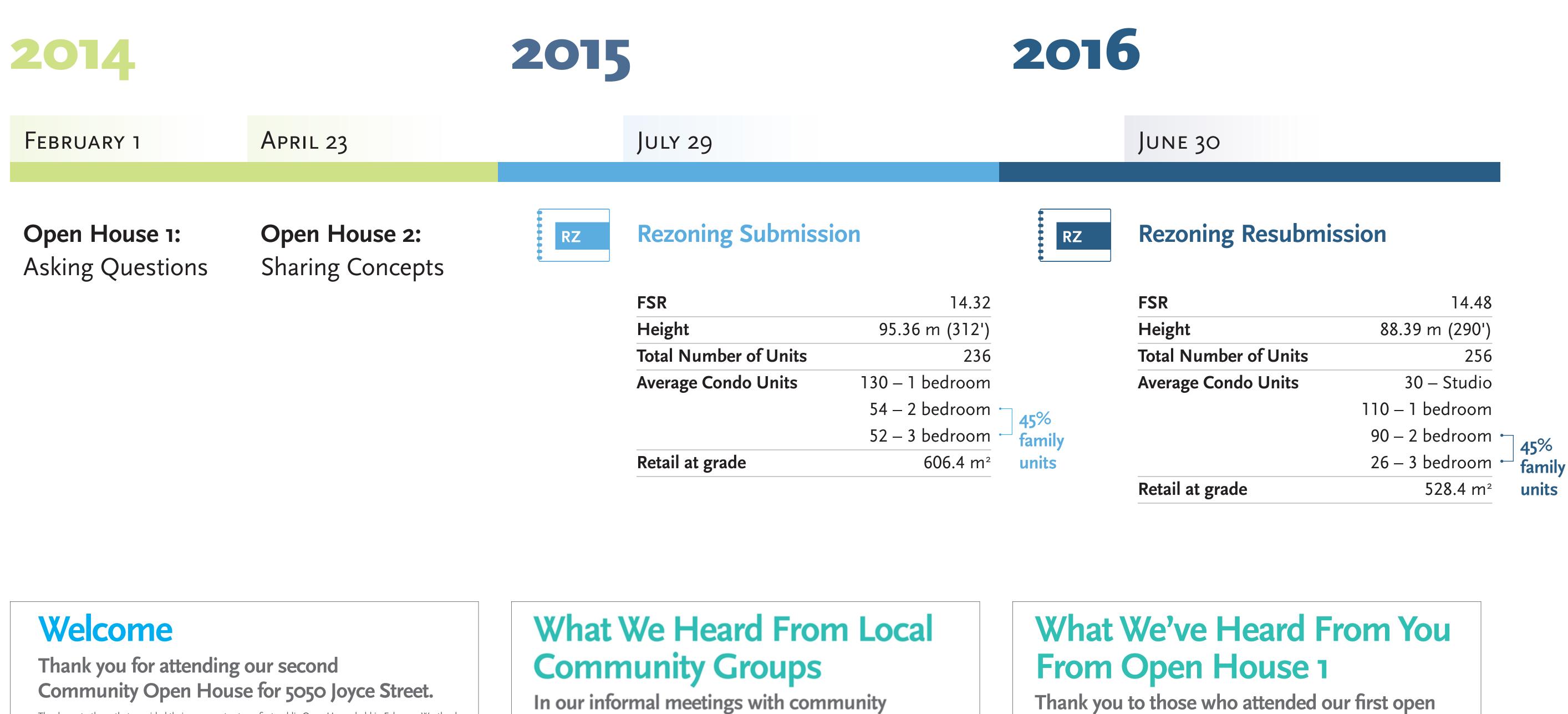
### Bicycle Parking

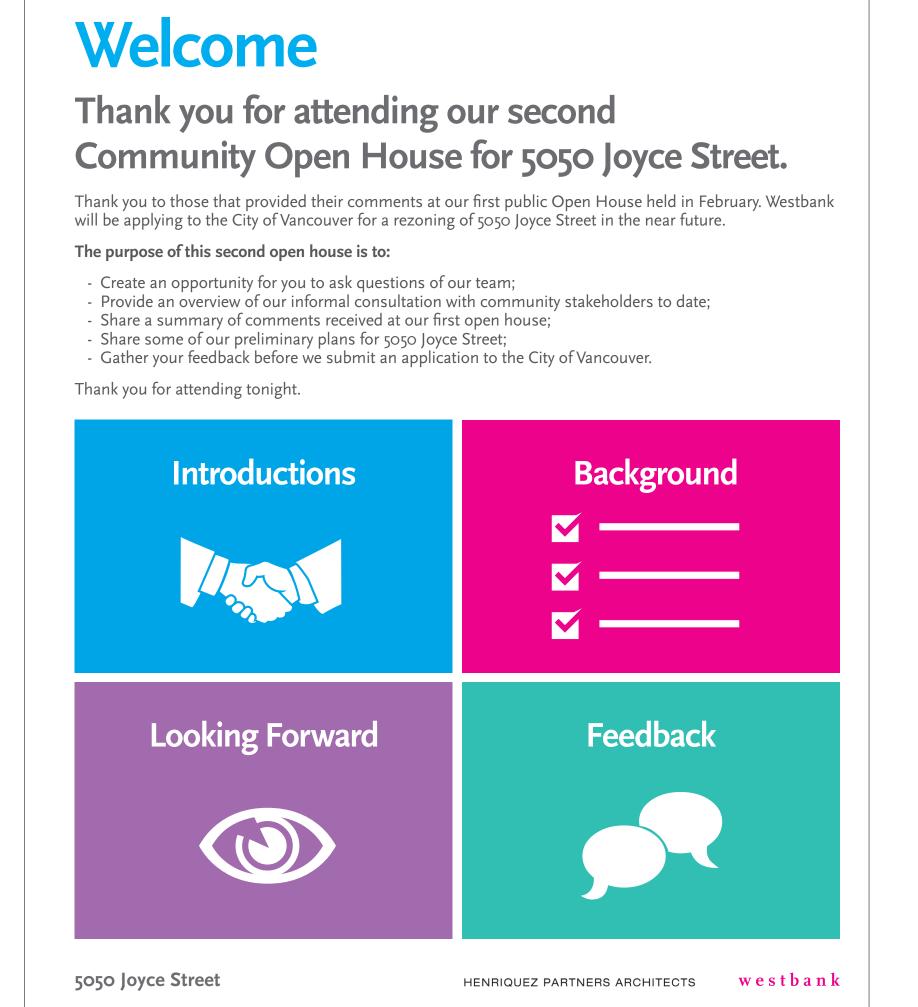
LOADING	Required		Proposed	
	RESIDENTIAL	COMMERCIAL	RESIDENTIAL	COMMERCIAL
Class A	0	0	2	0
Class B	1	2	1	1
Class C	0	0	0	0

### Loading

## Project History

We have been speaking with some well-established local neighborhood groups, including the Collingwood Neighborhood House and the Collingwood Community policing Centre, as well as community leaders, to learn more about the neighborhood and discuss initial ideas.









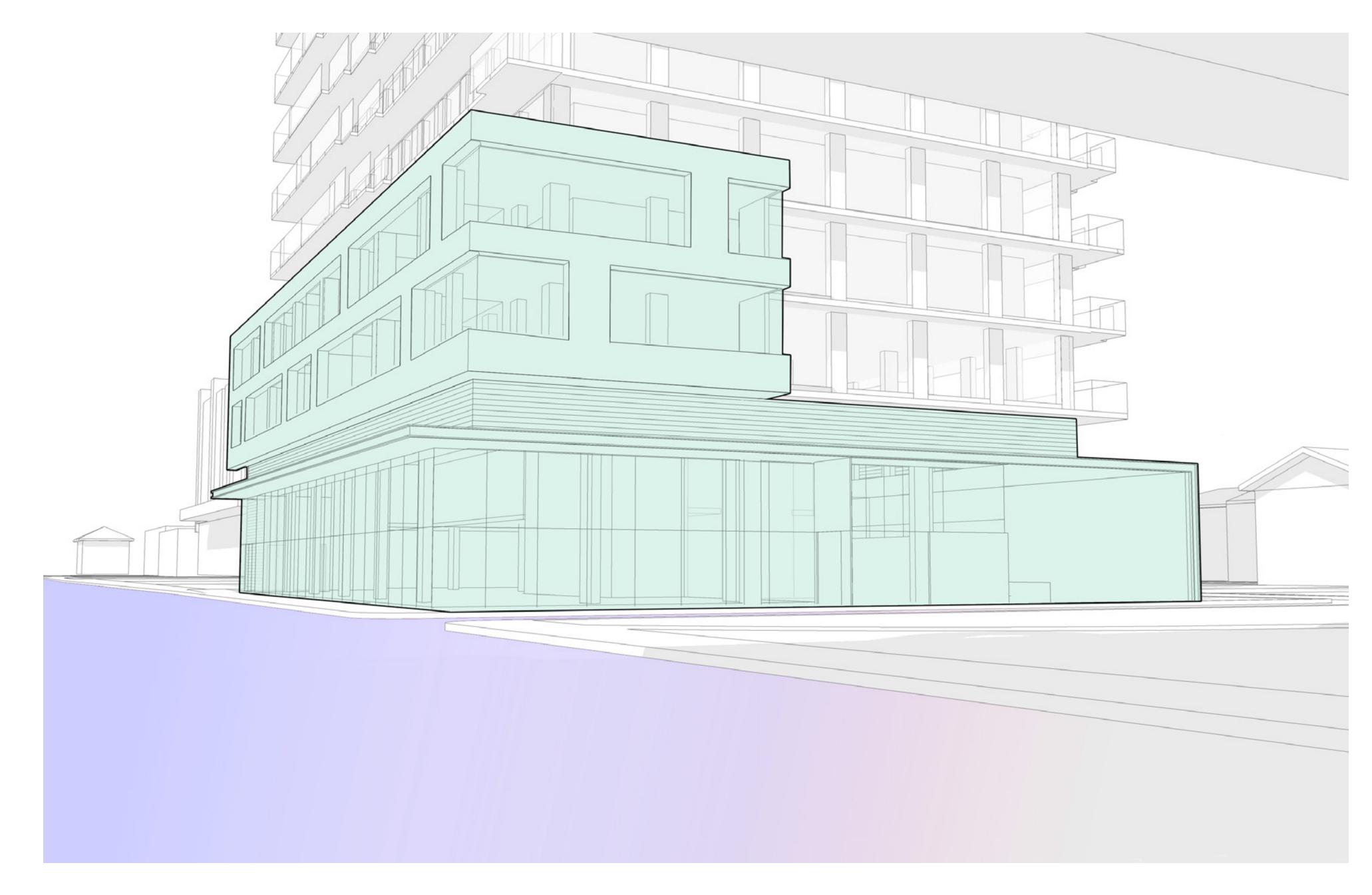
**Boards from Joyce Open House 2** 

### Site Characteristics

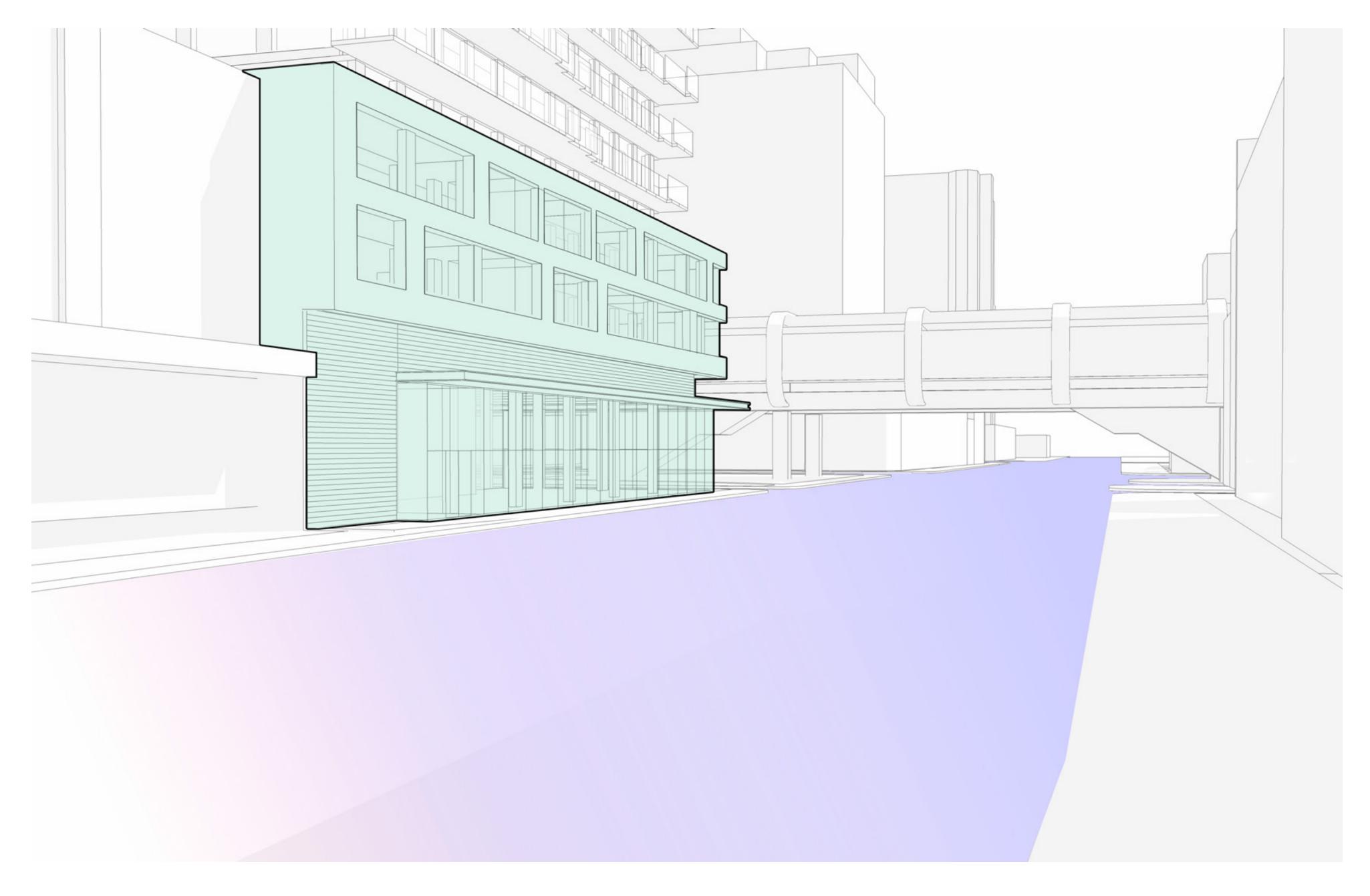
### Renfrew-Collingwood has historically been a "gateway" to Vancouver.

In 1890, Collingwood had Vancouver's first street-cars, connecting Collingwood with New Westminster making the neighbourhood attractive to many residents. The Collingwood East train station was located at Vanness Avenue and Joyce Street. In 1925, bus service started along Kingsway.

Today, the site at 5050 Joyce, as well as the two sites at the intersection of Joyce Street and Vanness Avenue, can be seen as a gateway to the neighbourhood. This gateway site presents a great opportunity to create a highly unique and visible graphic form or expression that is symbolic of the culturally-rich and diverse neighbourhood it serves.



Southwest podium facade high street visibility from Joyce St.



Northwest podium facade high street visibility from Joyce St.

# Cultural Diversity

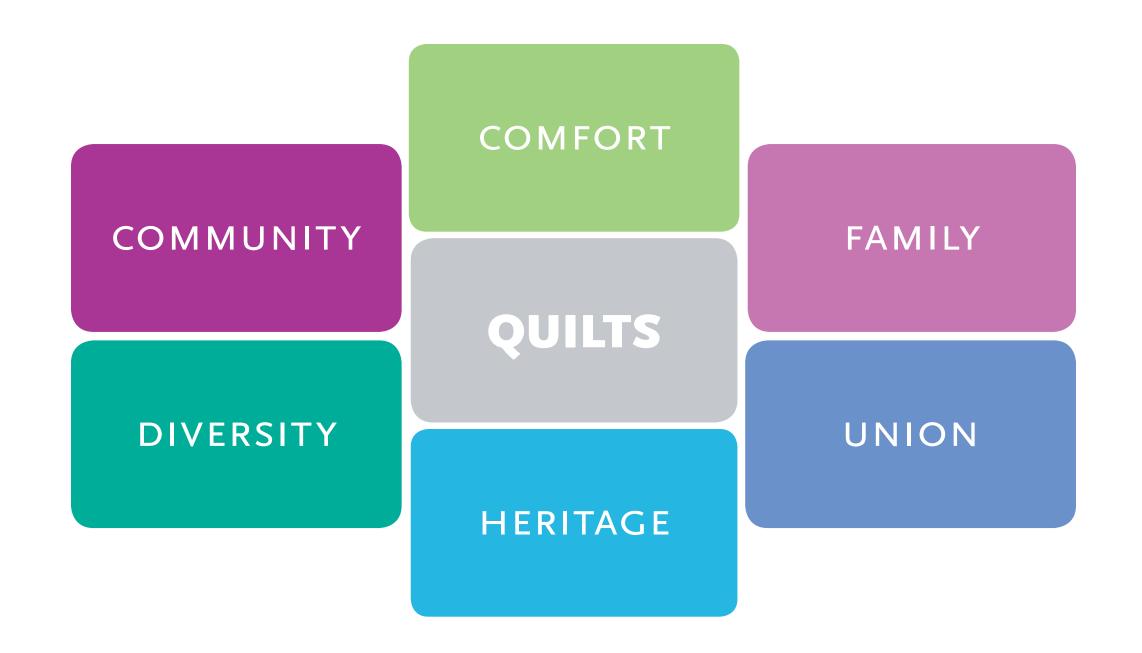
### The Renfrew-Collingwood neighborhood has an authentic vibrant art community with a history of culture and arts.

Renfrew-Collingwood is a unique community with a rich history and diverse population. It is one of Vancouver's oldest neighbourhoods dating back to the late 1890's. Today, it's home to over 50,500 people with an average family size being three people, higher than the Metro Vancouver average of 2.56 people.

This multi-cultural neighbourhood is made up of English, French, Chinese, Tagalog, Vietnamese, Punjabi and Hindi nationalities

providing an authentic vibrant arts community with a history of culture and arts. Such a multi-cultural community, with its diverse parts making up a colourful whole, can be seen as symbolic quilt.

Quilting is about community and has original beginnings as a houseware art form. Quilts contain stories, are colourful and visually rich, holding many symbolic connotations across the world.

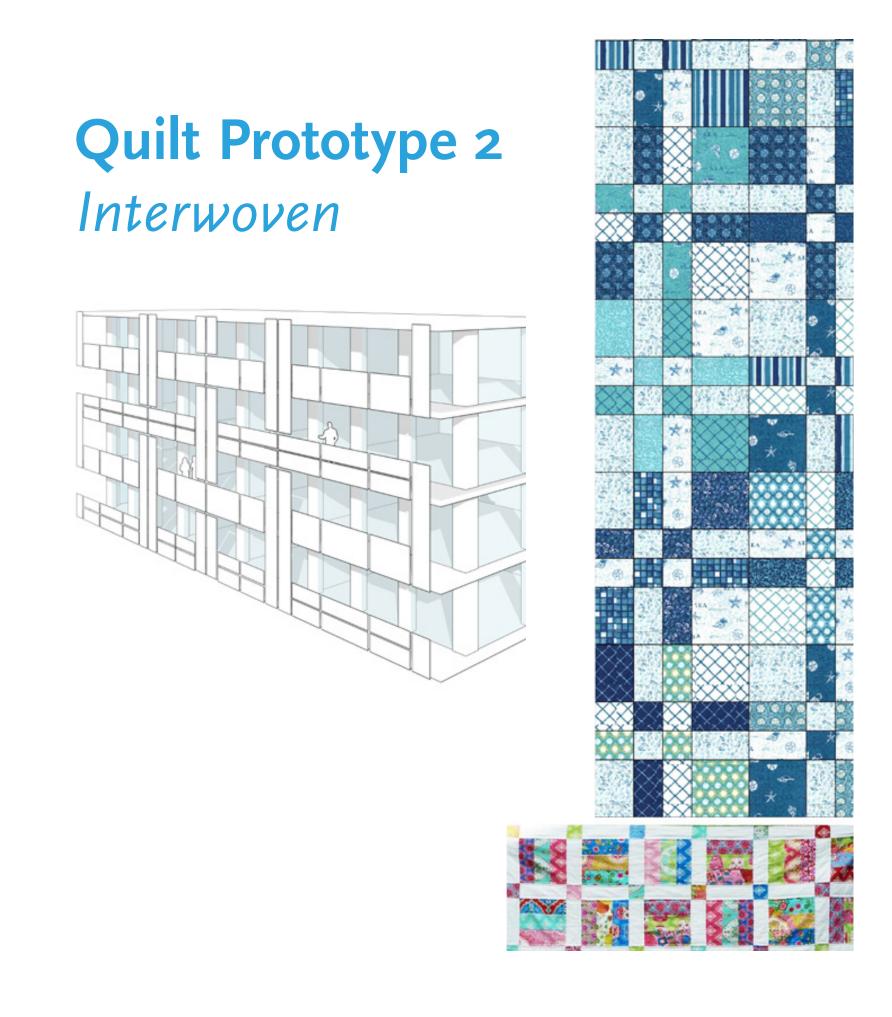


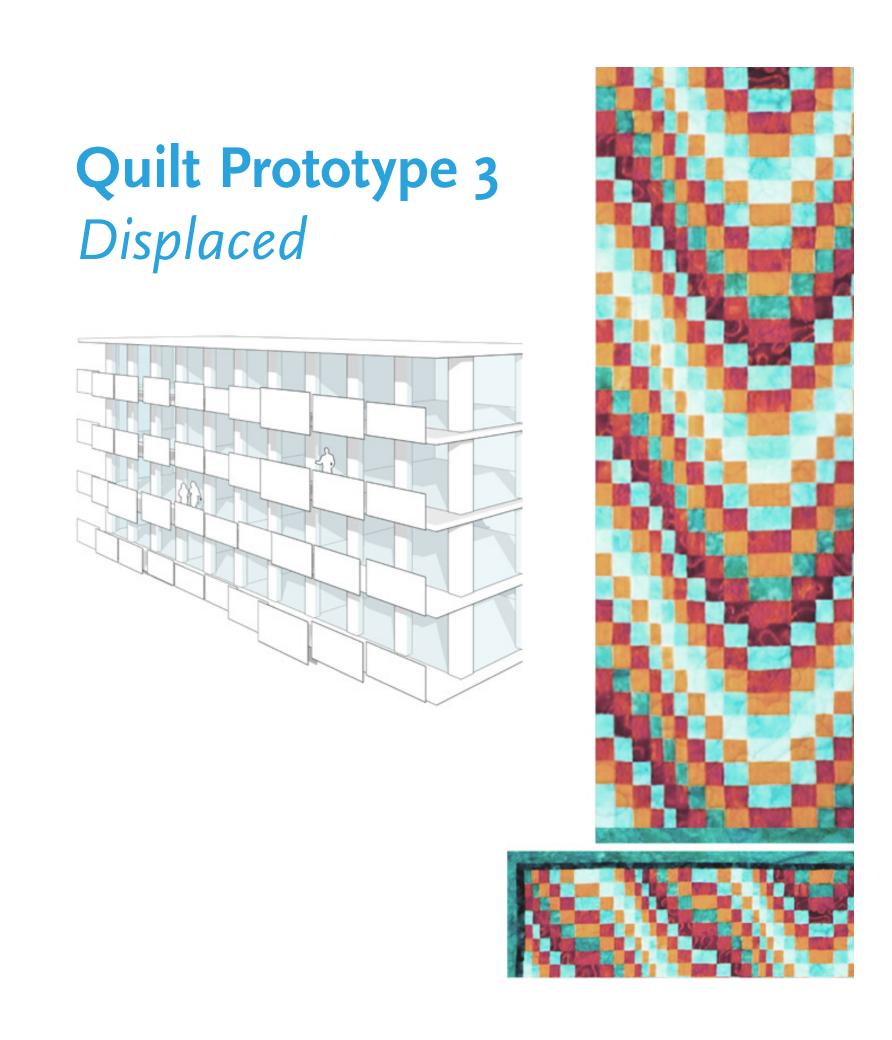


### Quilt as Metaphor

The architectural design of the building was inspired by the notion of the quilt and the multitude of narratives researched by Collingwood Neighbourhood House. These stories informed the design for a building – a metaphoric quilting of ideas and cultures.



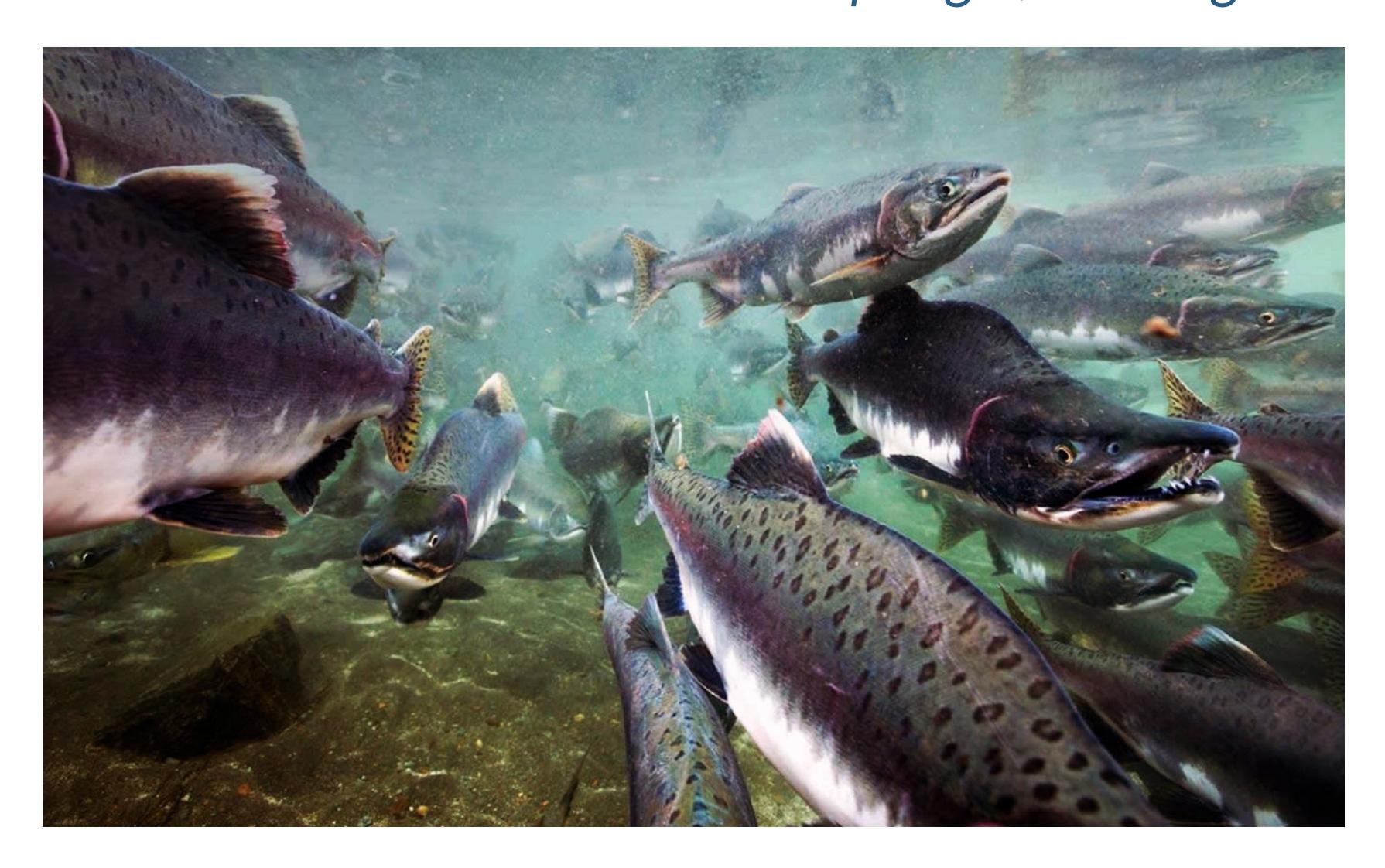




## Design Inspiration

All our projects start with site analysis married with in-depth research of the community's history.

### 



Still Creek is one of Vancouver's few surviving partially exposed creeks. In 2012 Salmon were spotted in what is a miraculous reappearance not seen in over 50 years. According to resident Carmen Rosen:

"It is something I didn't really think I'd see in my own lifetime. I thought we had done such terrible things to the creek that the fish just couldn't survive, but here they were coming back and spawning in our creek."

"It's really exciting to just go for a walk down the hill and you're on the way to SkyTrain or you're on your way home from Walmart and there are the fish."

### Bordignon Brothers > Materiality Inspiration



By 1912 Vancouver had a thriving Italian community. Among the immigrants came many skilled craftsmen including stone and brick masons Mario and Luigi Bordignon. Early on prompted by rider complaints they were kicked off a bus for getting on everyday with tools and wheelbarrow. The bus driver told them to buy a truck, which they did, changing their business forever.

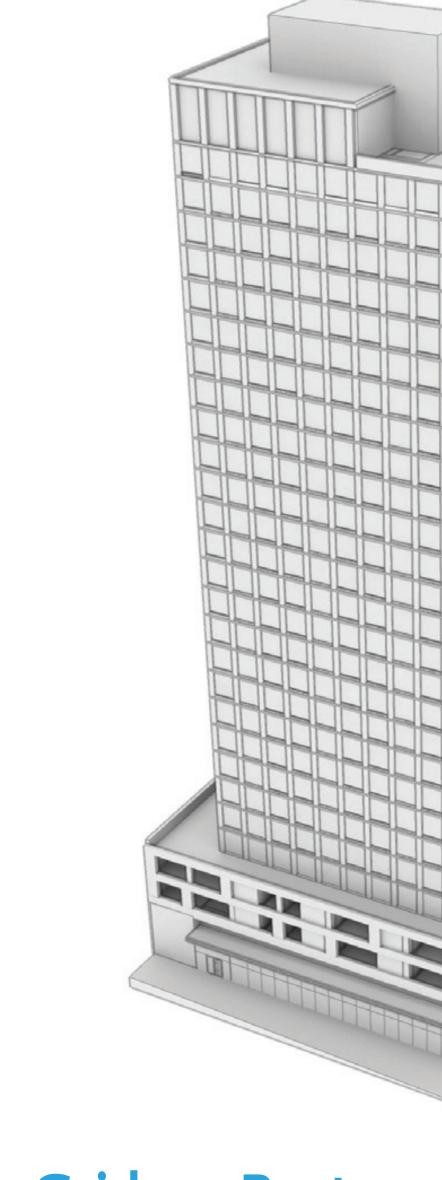
Eight years later they owned three companies had over 100 employees and made over 2.5 million each year. By 1973 they shifted their focus into pre-fabricated concrete construction which can still be found in major architectural works in the city including Arthur Erikson's Museum of Anthropology at UBC, the Vancouver Airport Terminal, the Vancouver Planetarium, and the 22-story Telus building on Boundary and Kingsway.

# Design Rationale

The story of Still Creek inspired the proposed design of 5050 Joyce Street.

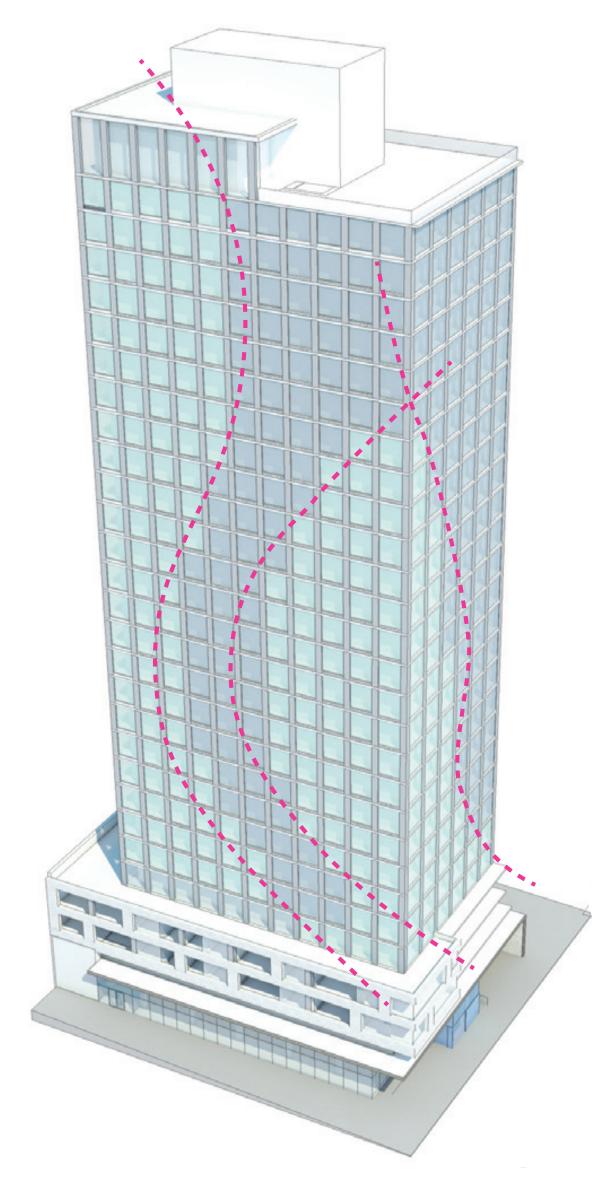


Fraser River Overlooking Burrard Inlet



Grid on Rectangular Plan

Efficient structure and maximized views



River Pattern Layered on Facade
Breaks scale and creates visual impact



Fraser Tributary Map & Changing Morphology of the River Embankment



Slabs & Balcony
Erode like Topography
Creates shading and overhang

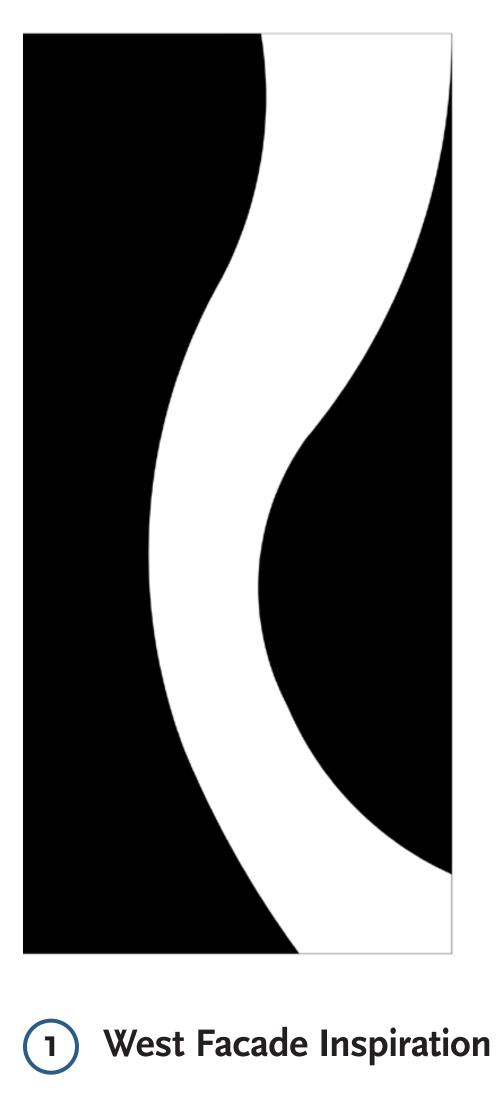


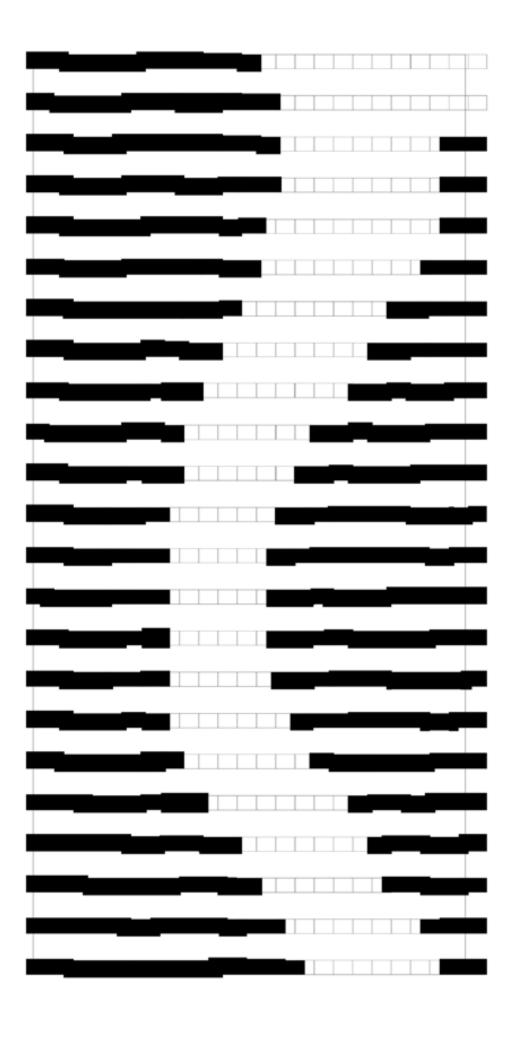
River Pattern Layered on Facade
Provides visual impact and variety

## Design Rationale

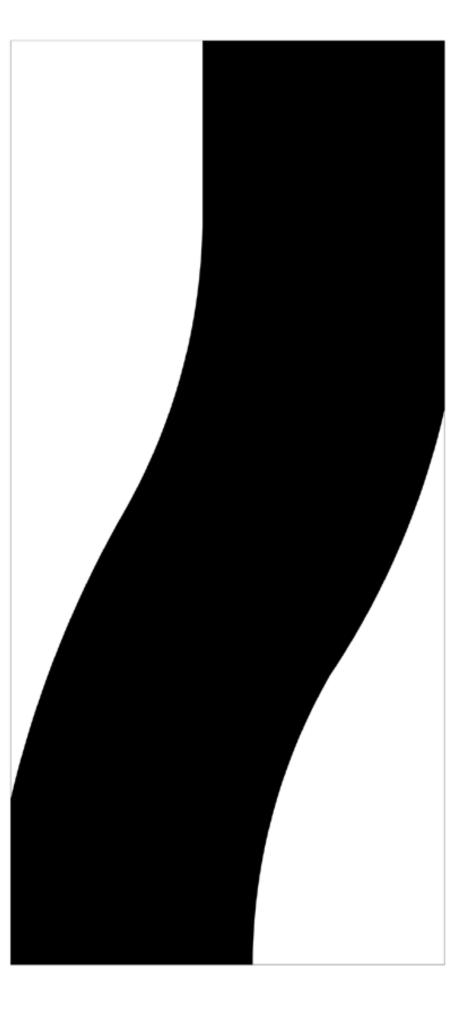
### Positive-Negative Study

The river metaphor is not just two dimensional, but is used to sculpt the east and west facades.





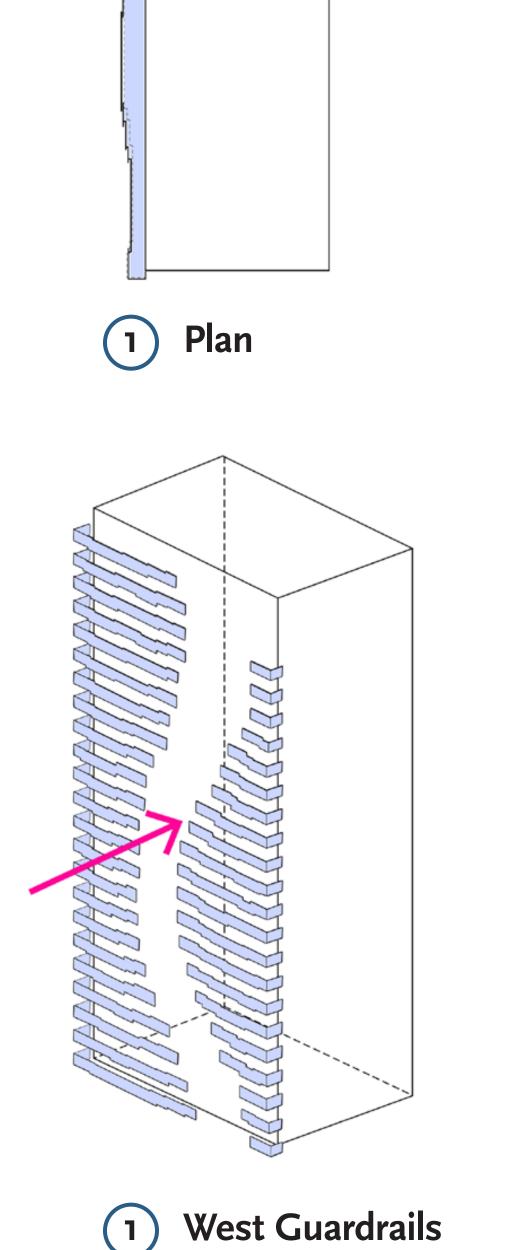
**2** West Facade Disposition

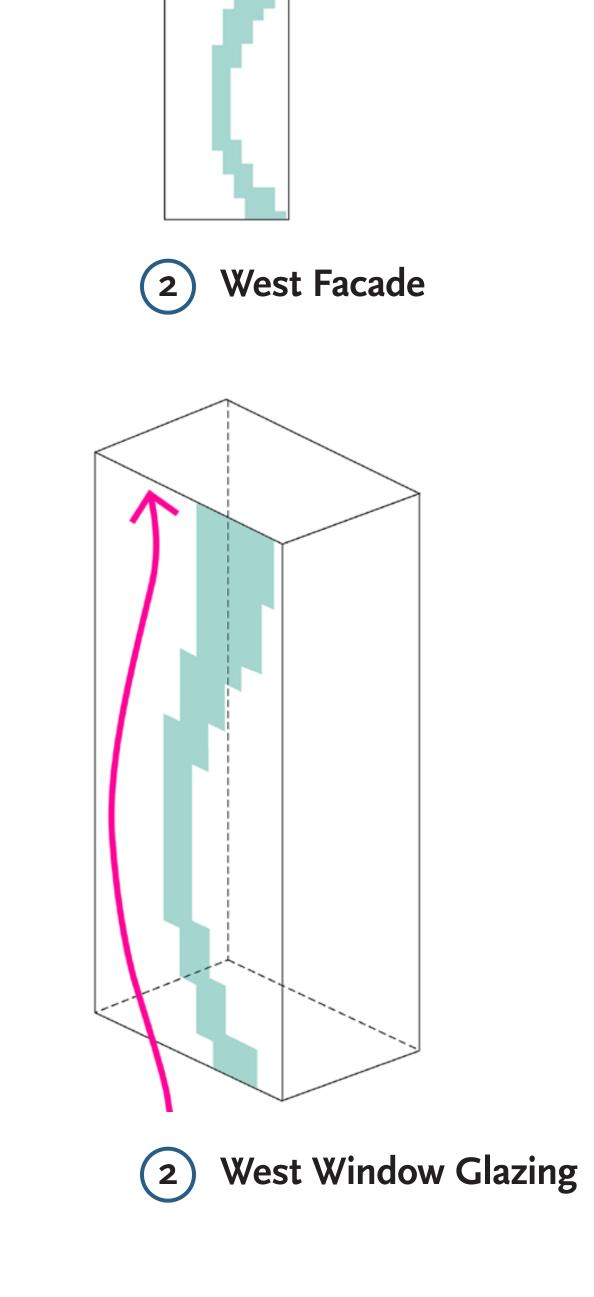


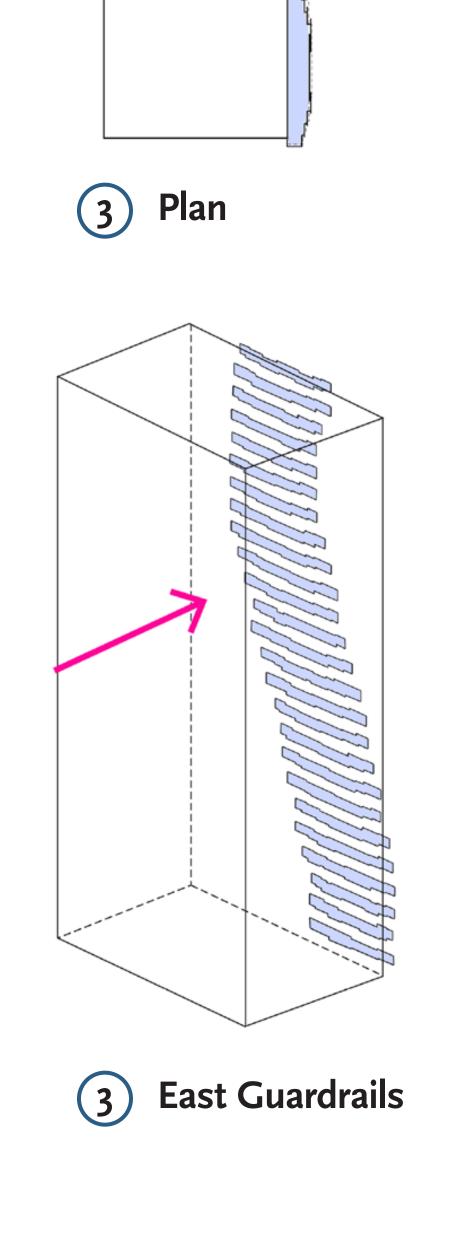
3 East Facade Inspiration

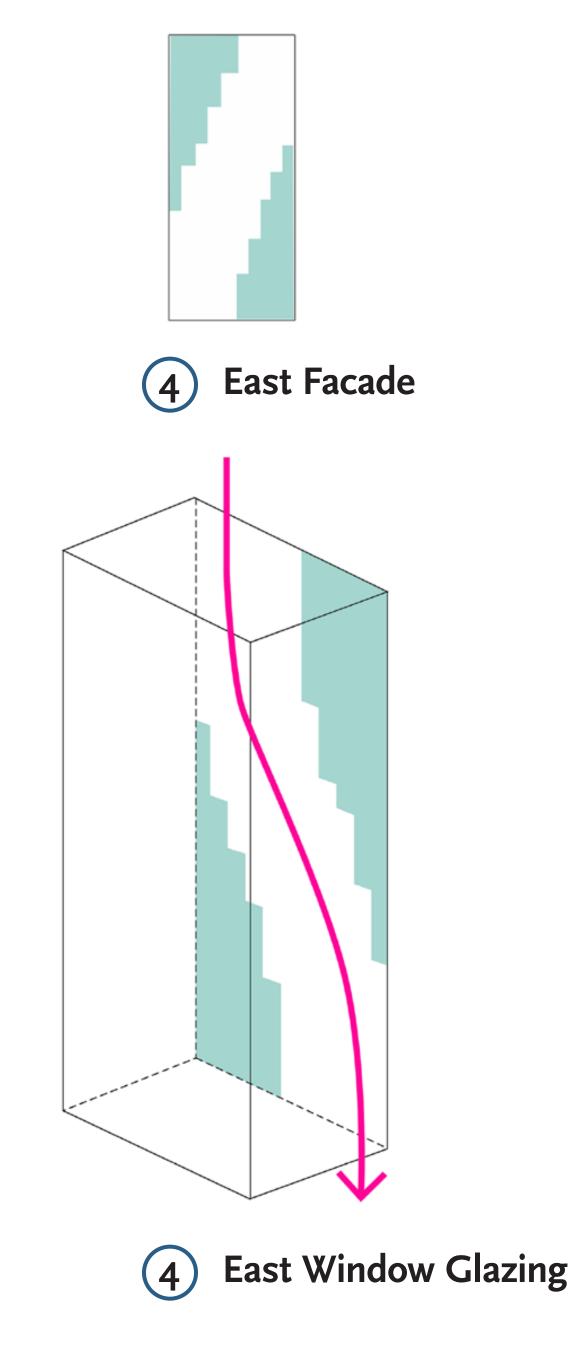


**4** East Facade Disposition



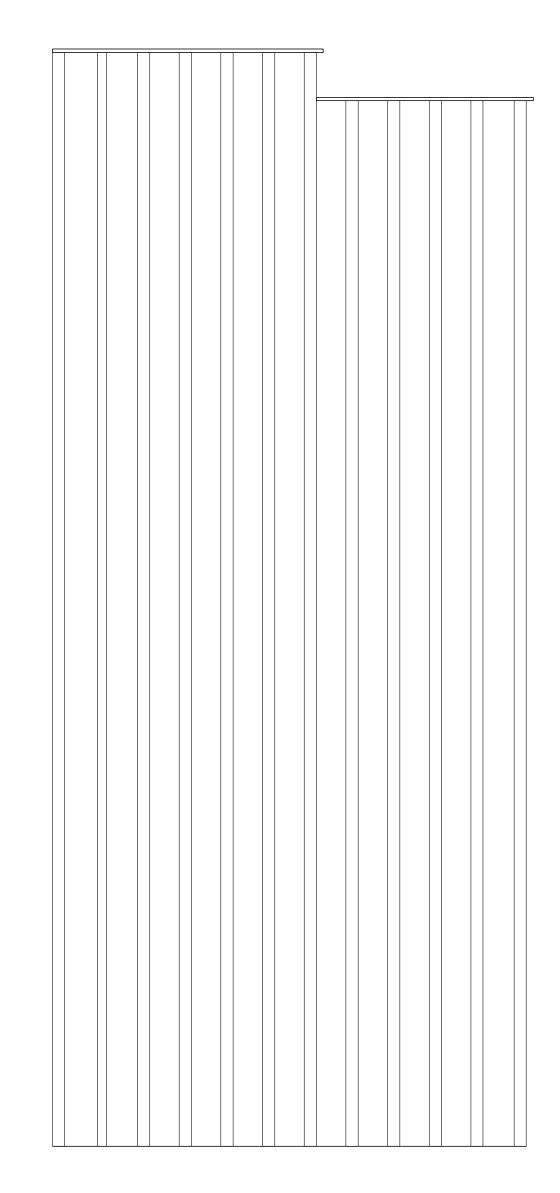




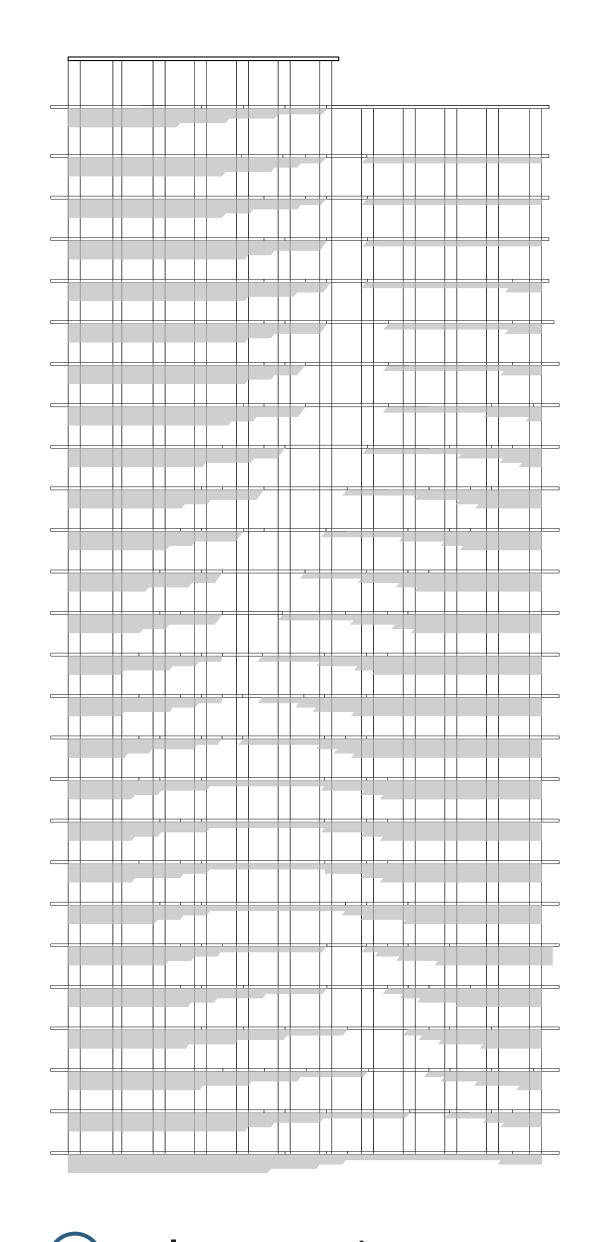


## Facade Development

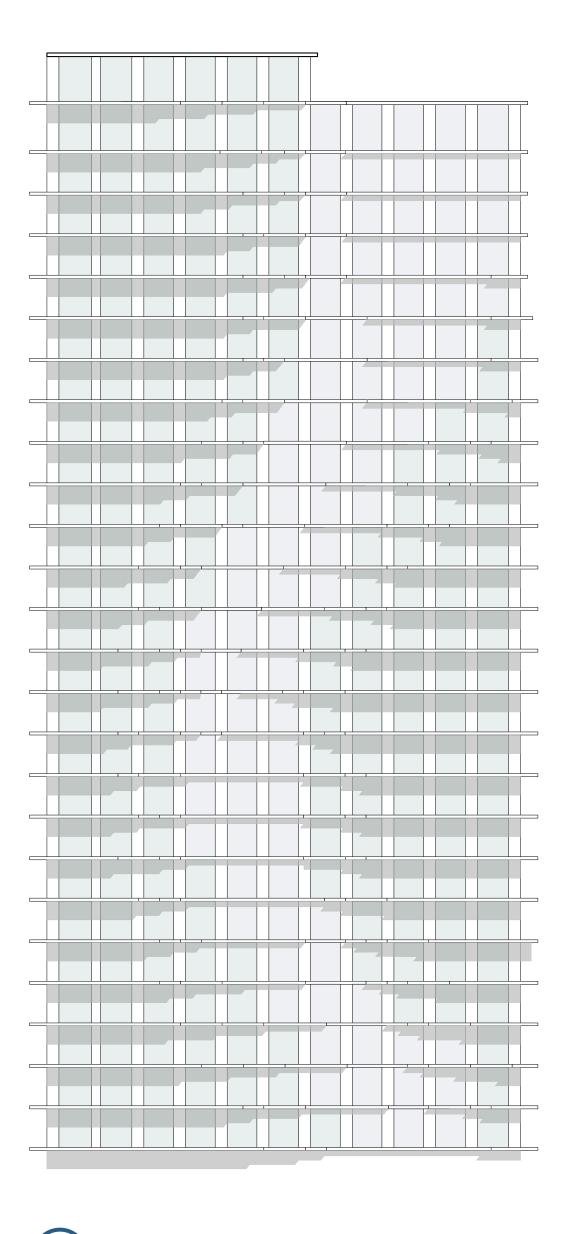
### West Facade Expression



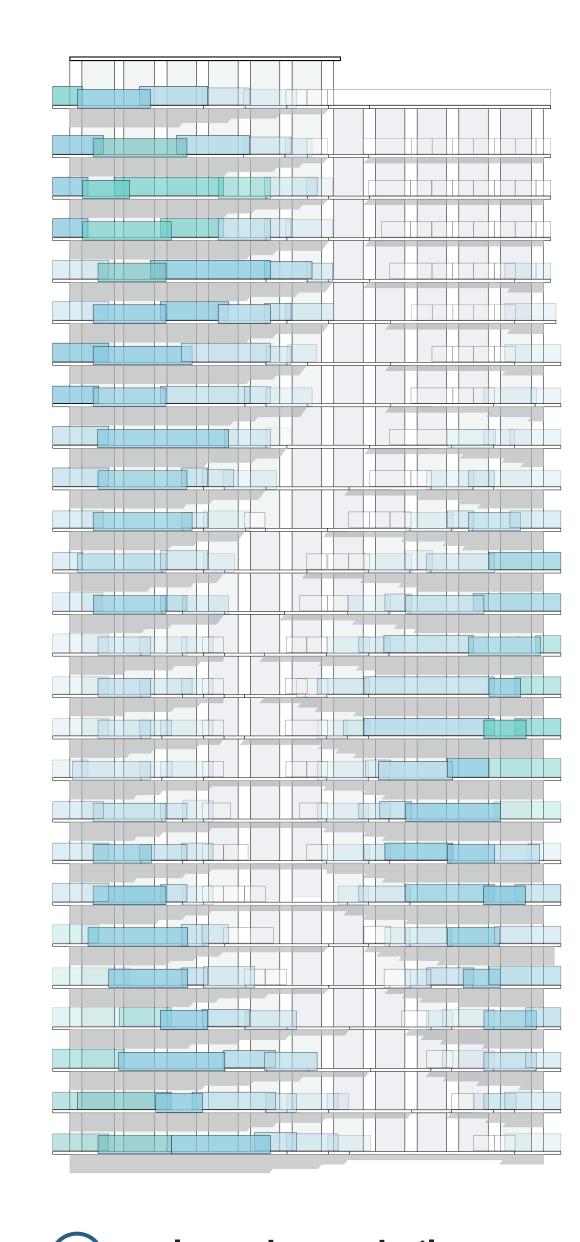




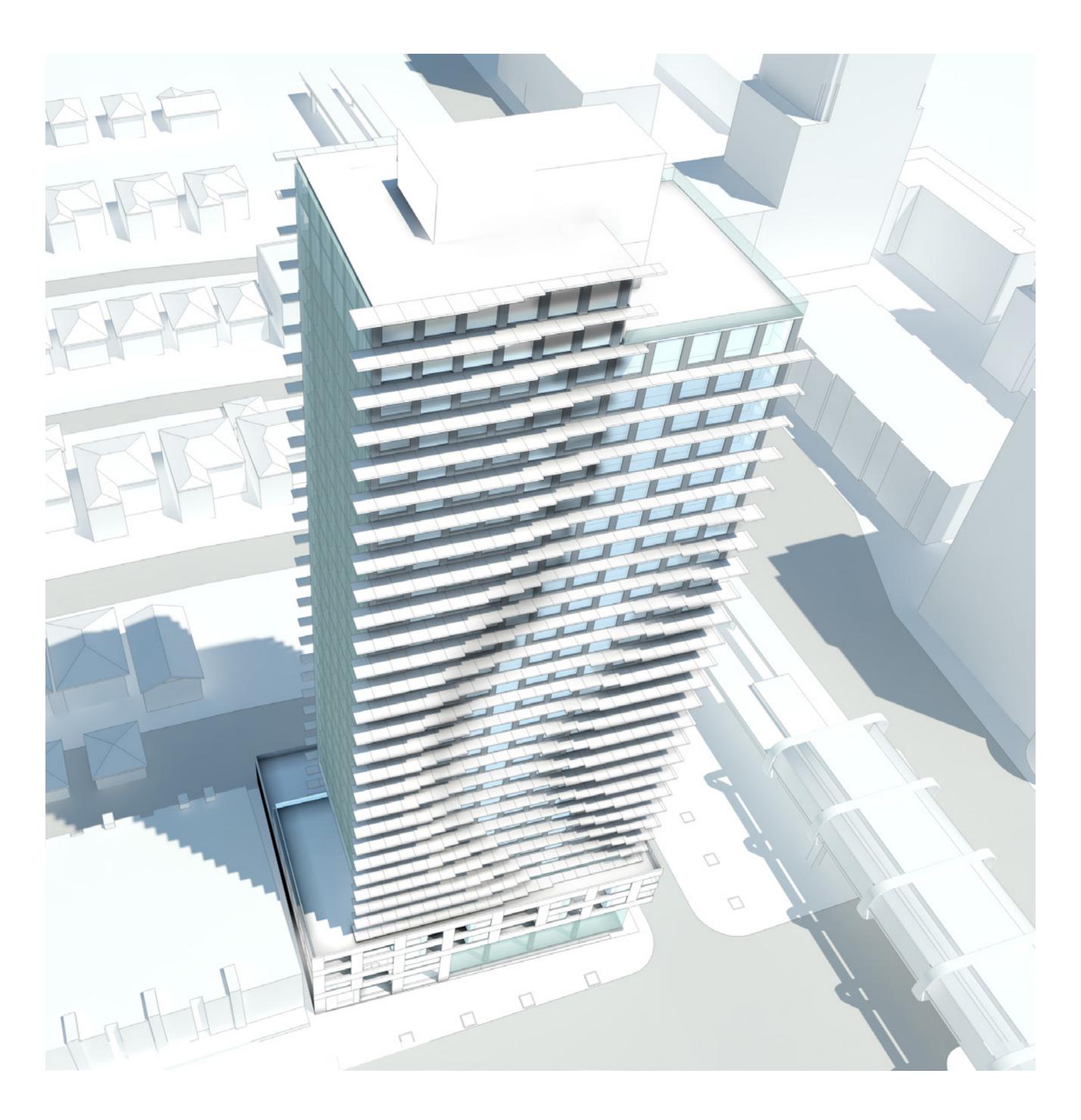
2 Balcony Stepping



3 Tinted Windows



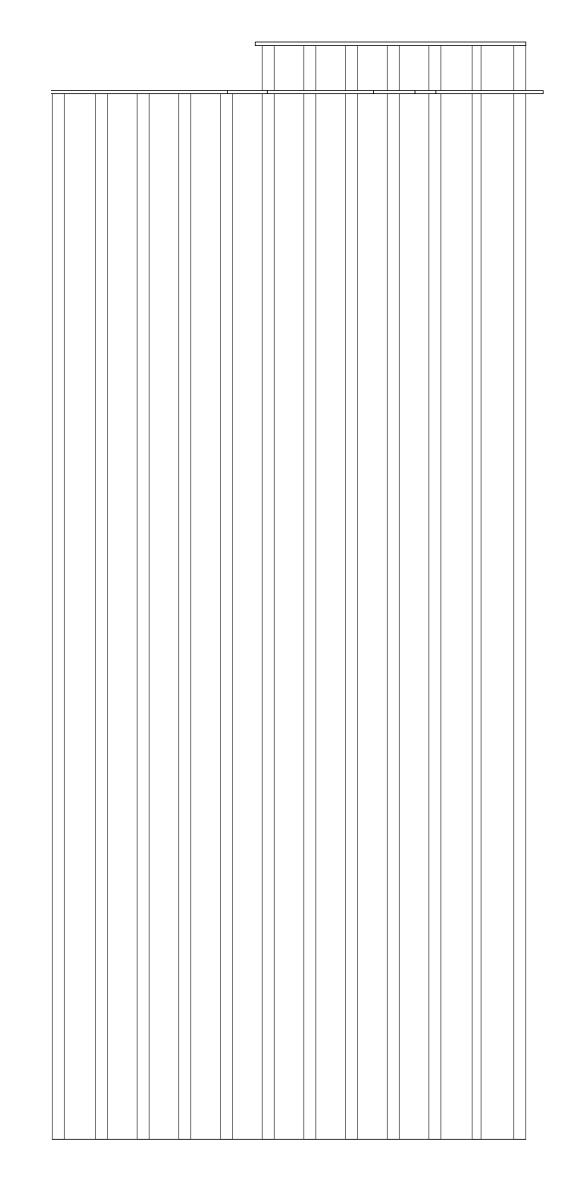
4 Coloured Guardrail



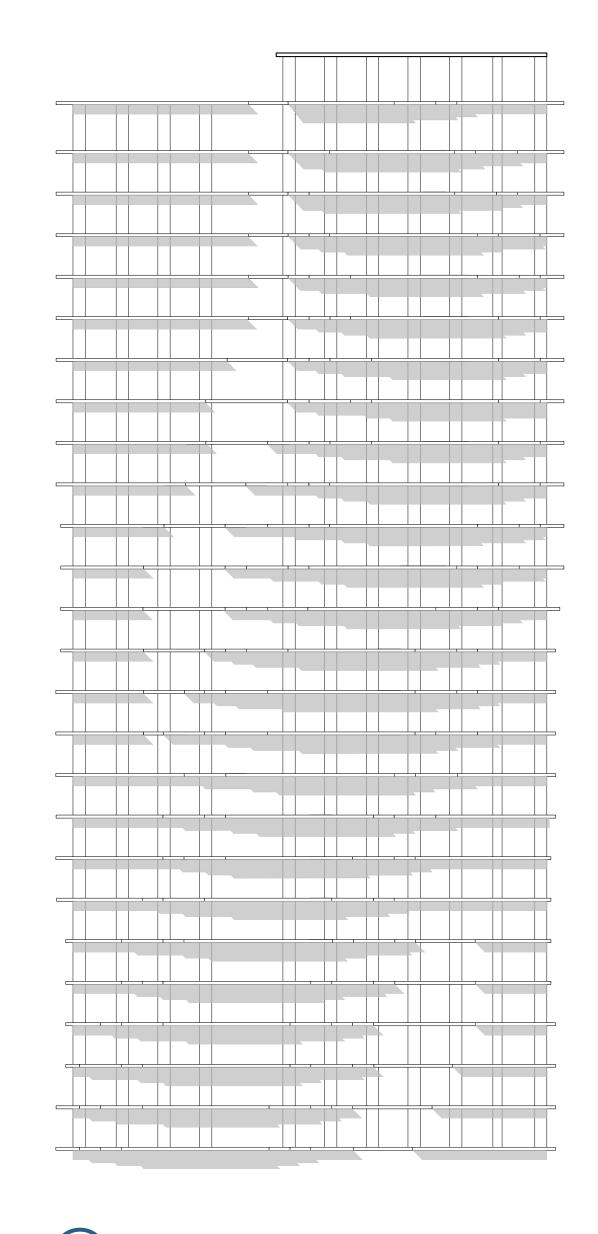


## Facade Development

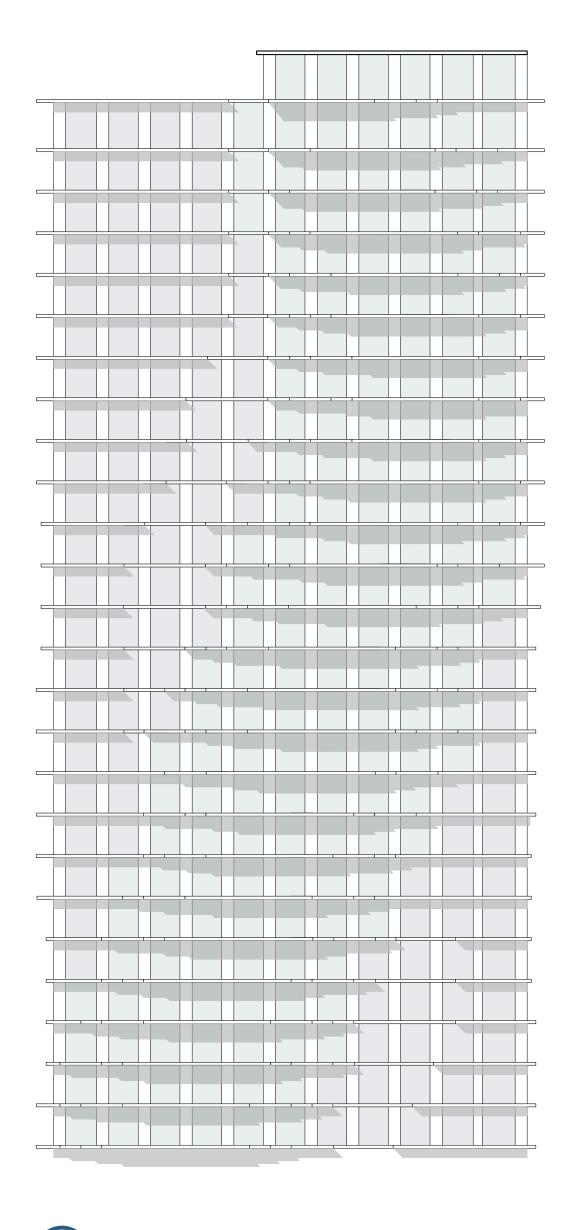
### East Facade Expression



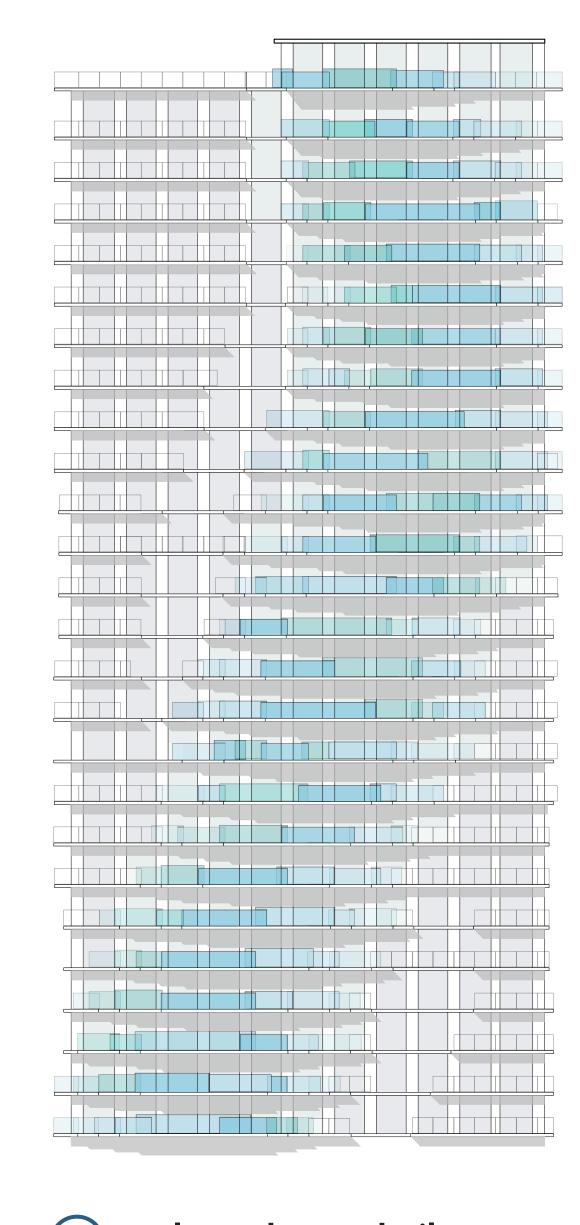




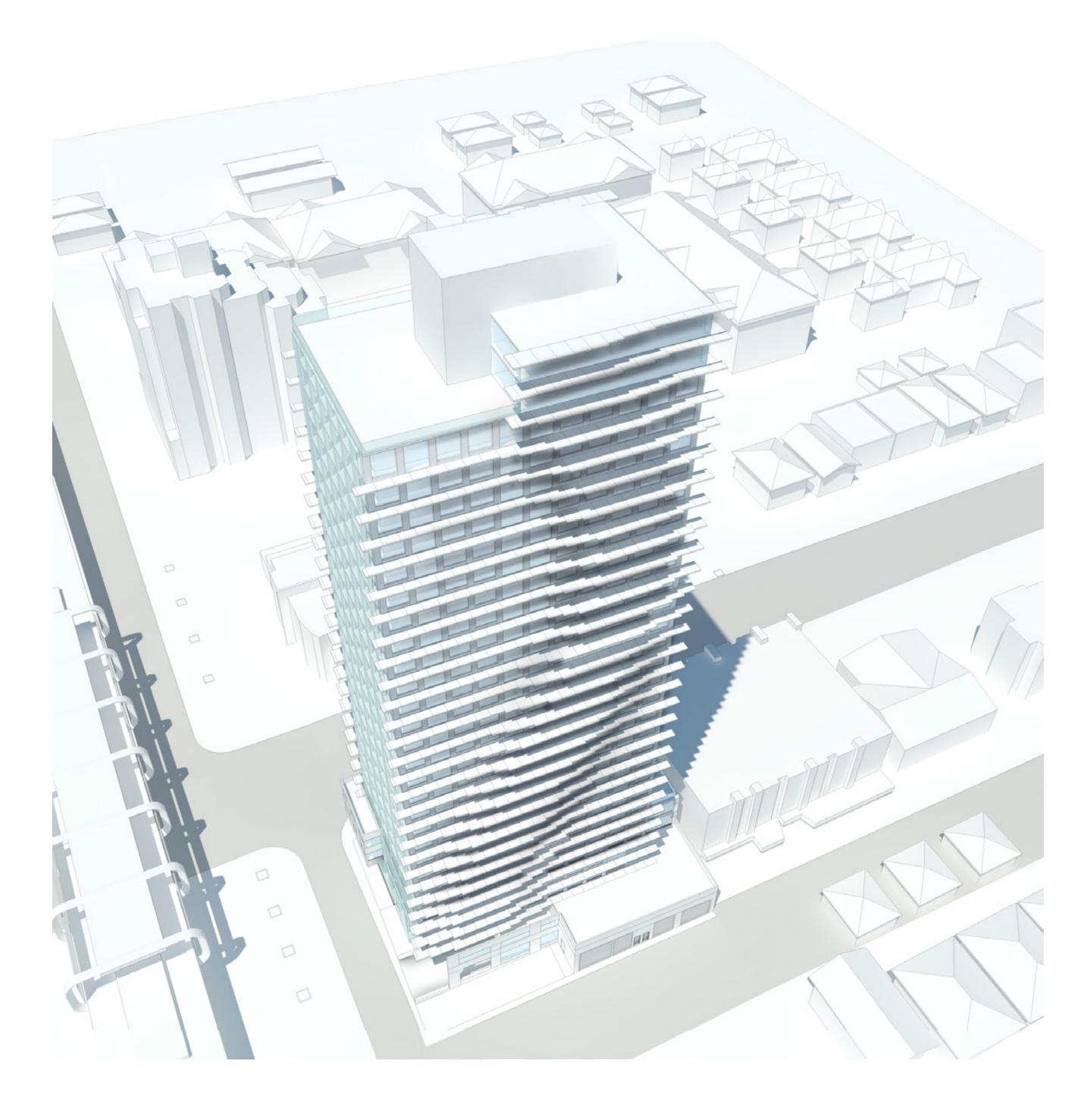
2 Balcony Stepping



3 Tinted Windows



4 Coloured Guardrail



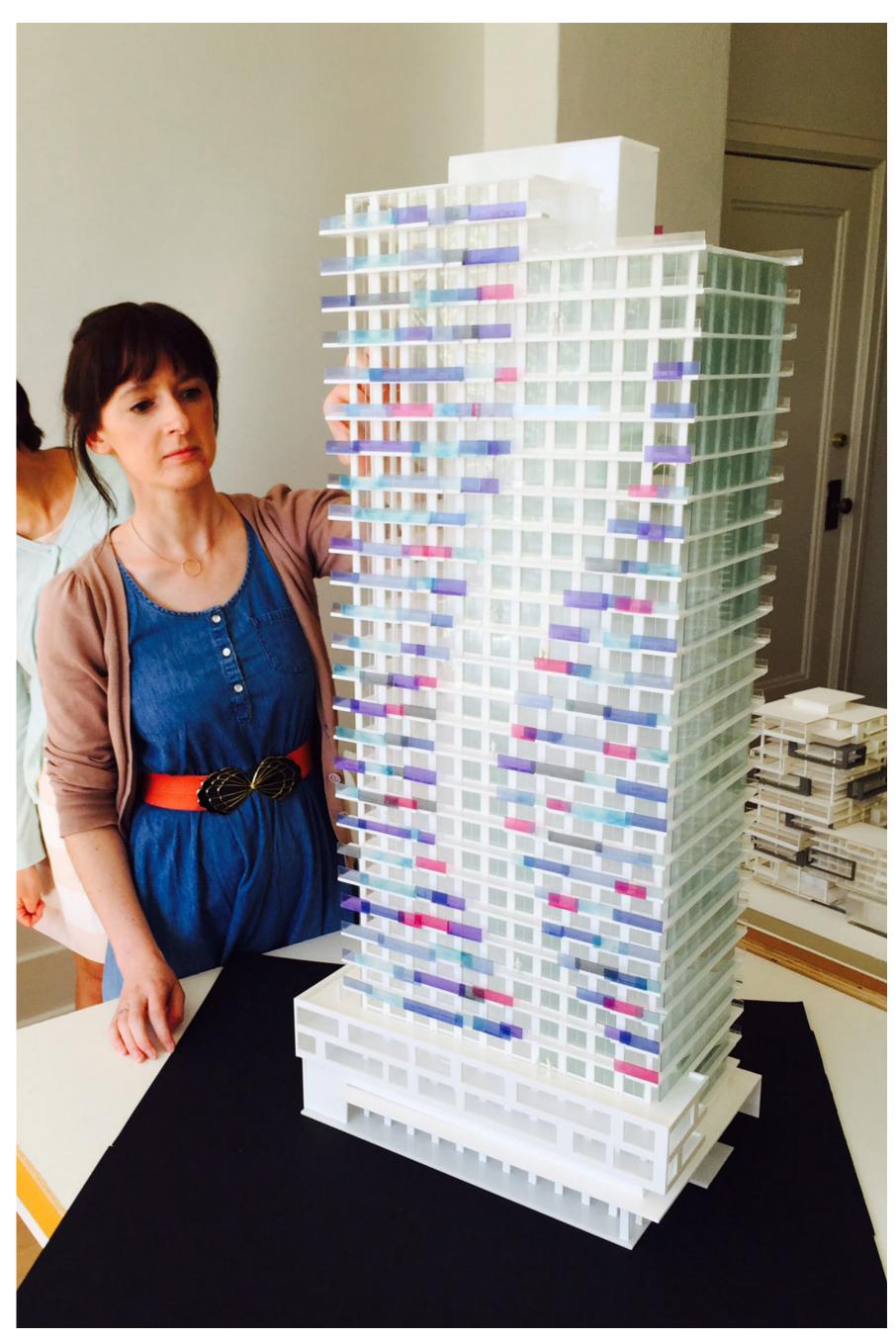


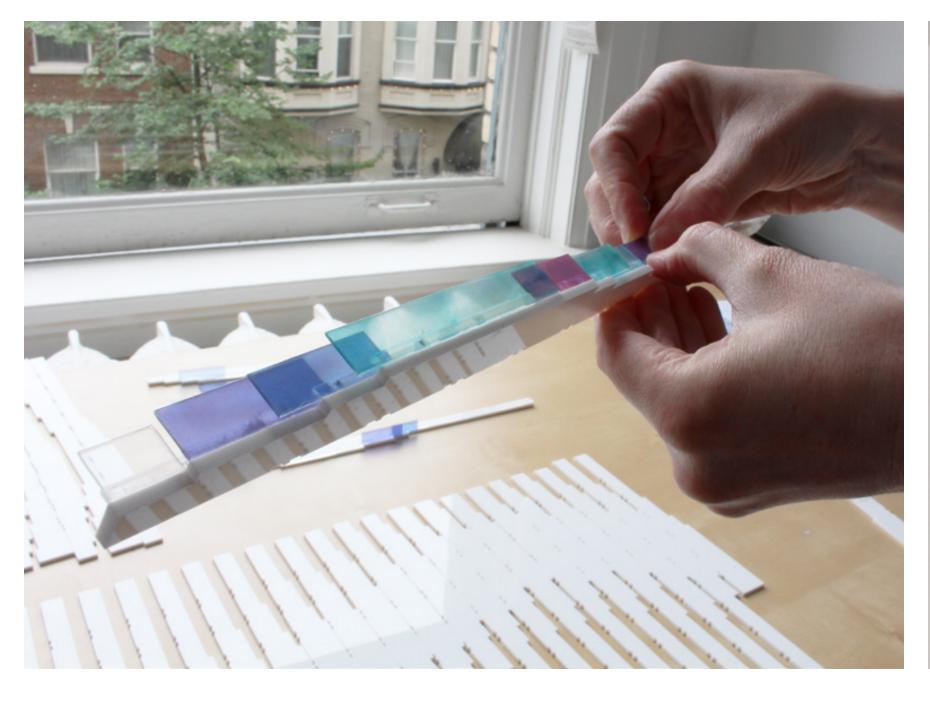
# Working Model Photos

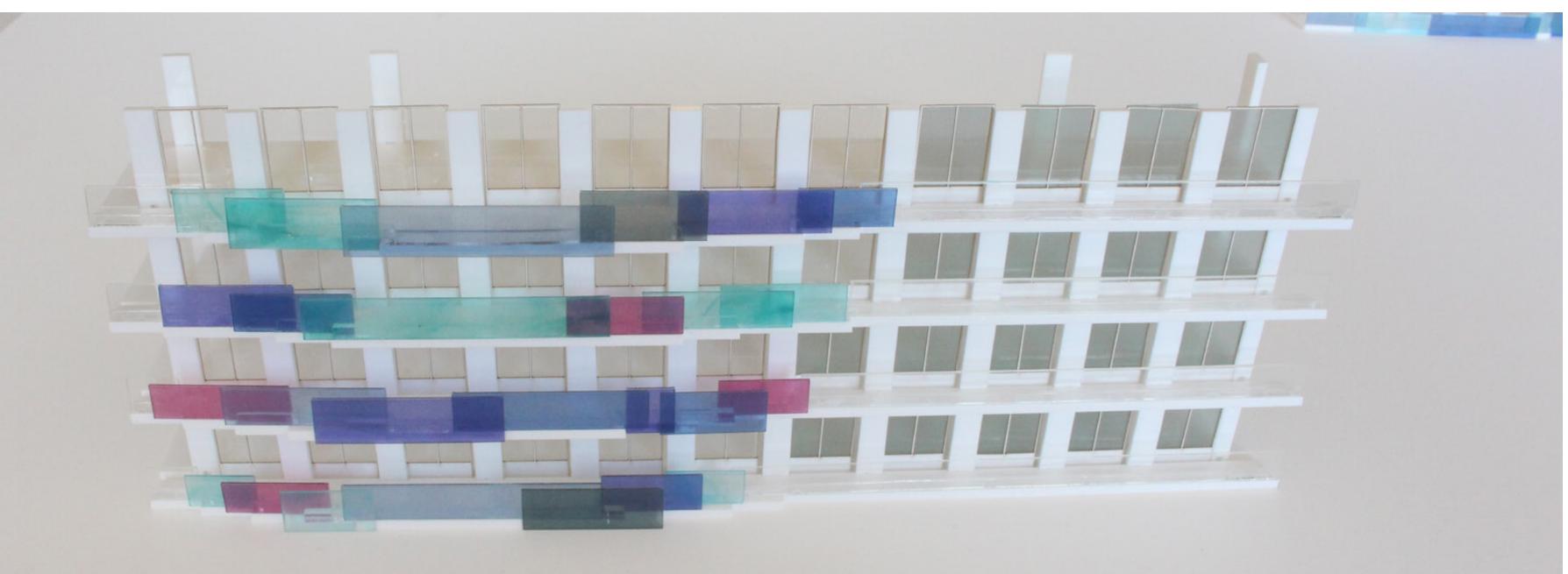
#### **Model Studies**

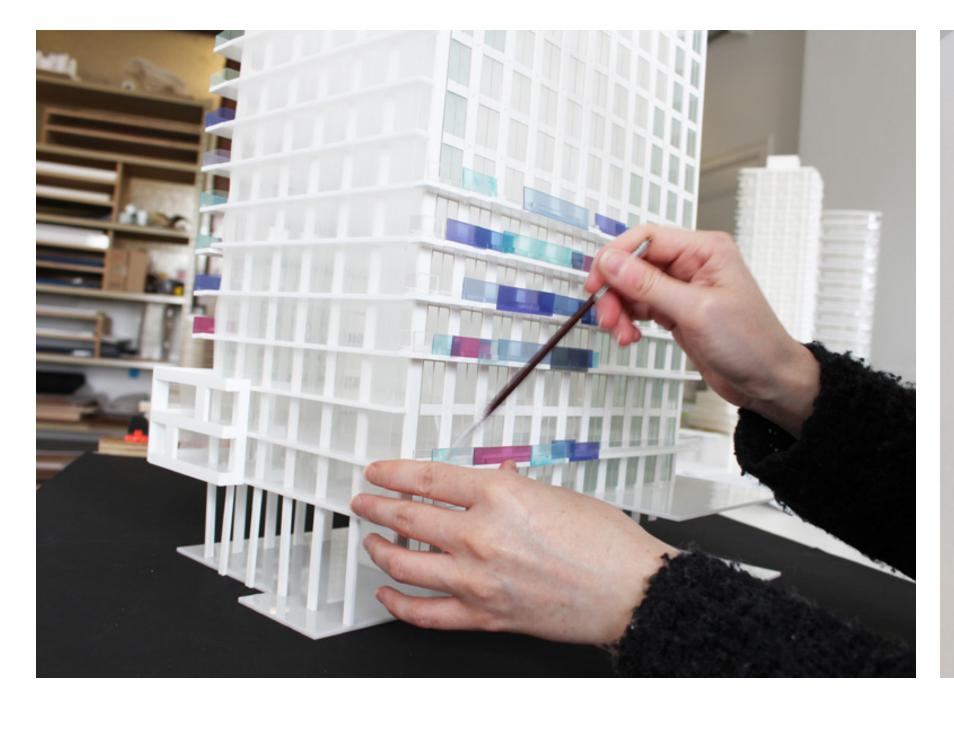


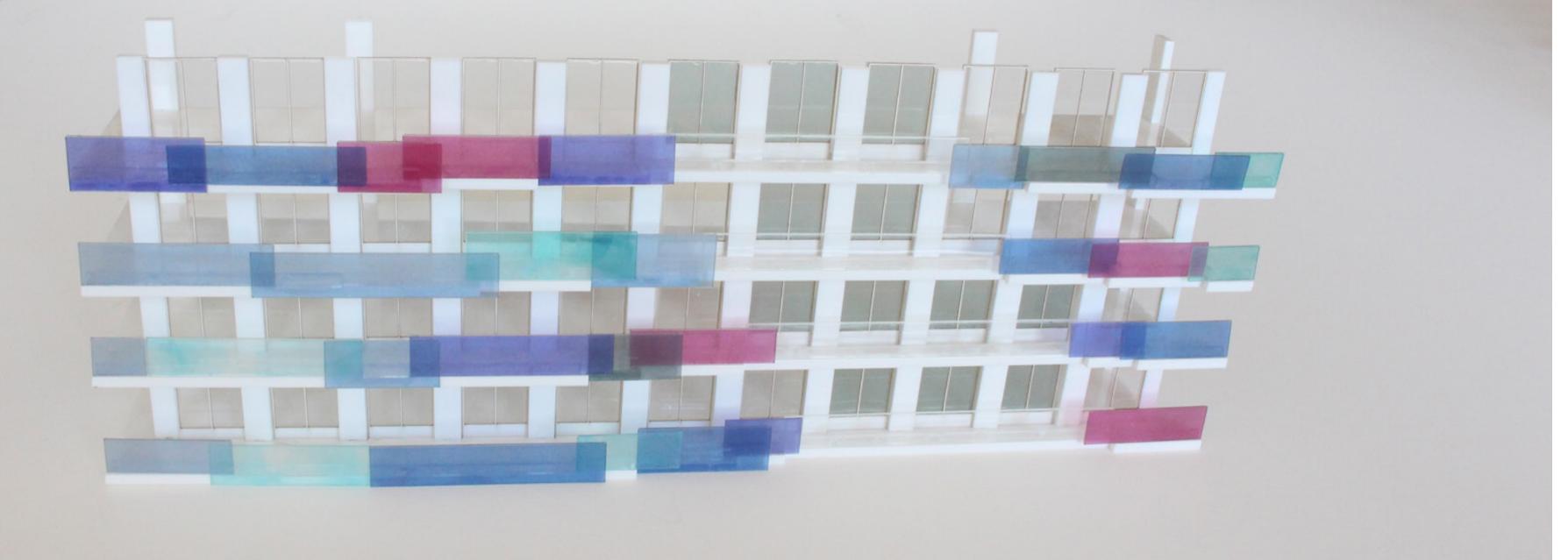














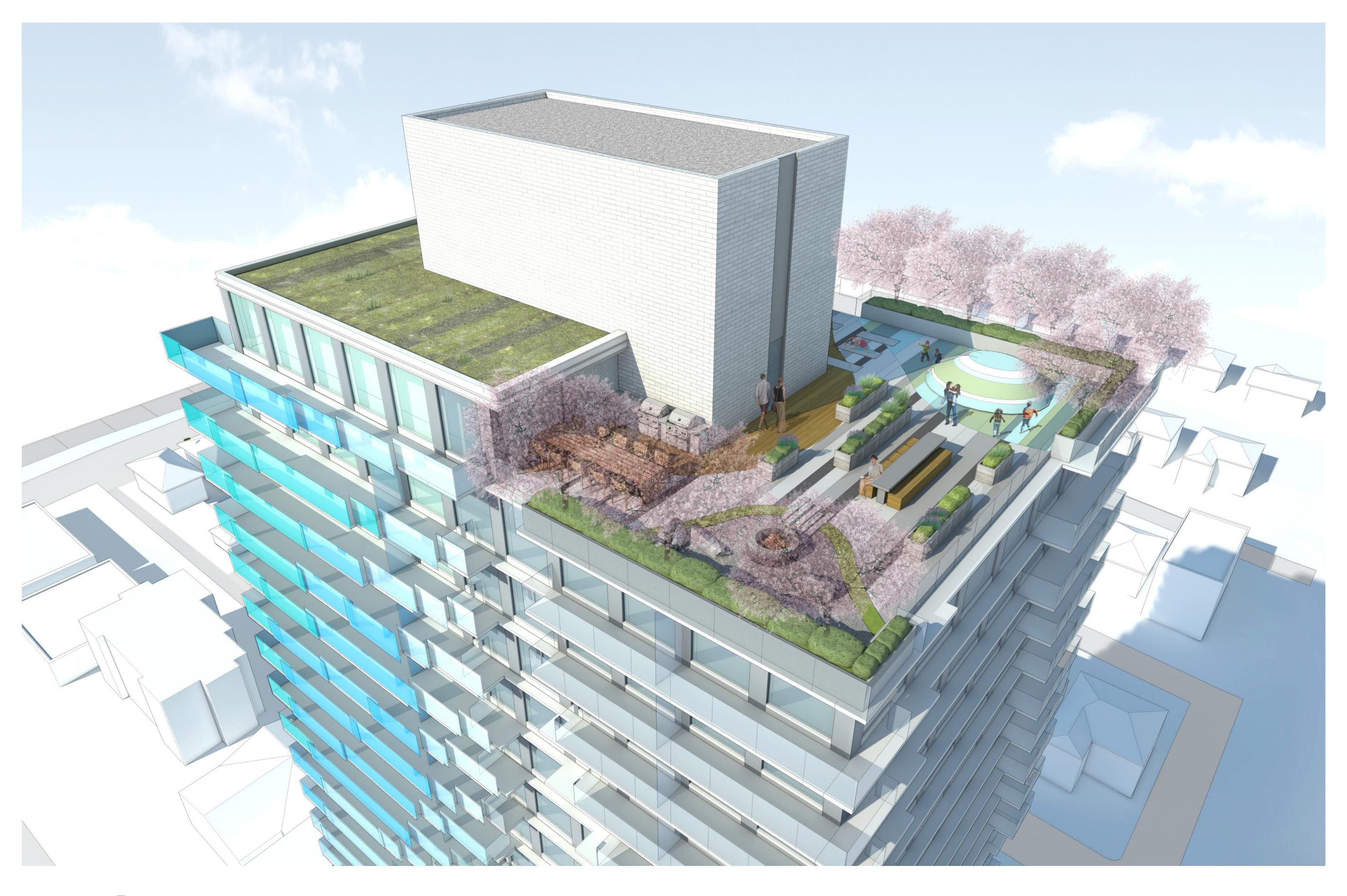
View from Joyce Street Looking East



View from Vanness Avenue Looking West



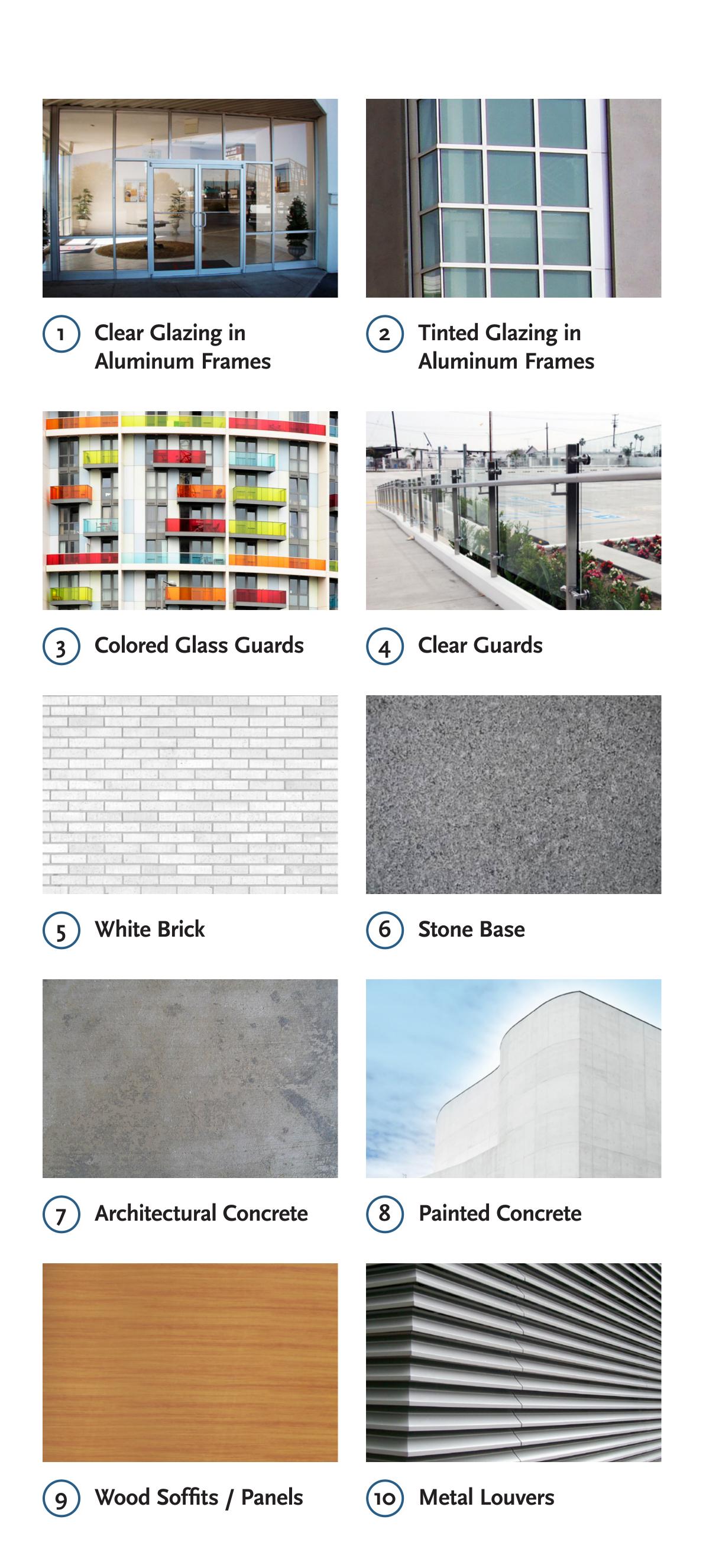
View from Joyce Street Looking North

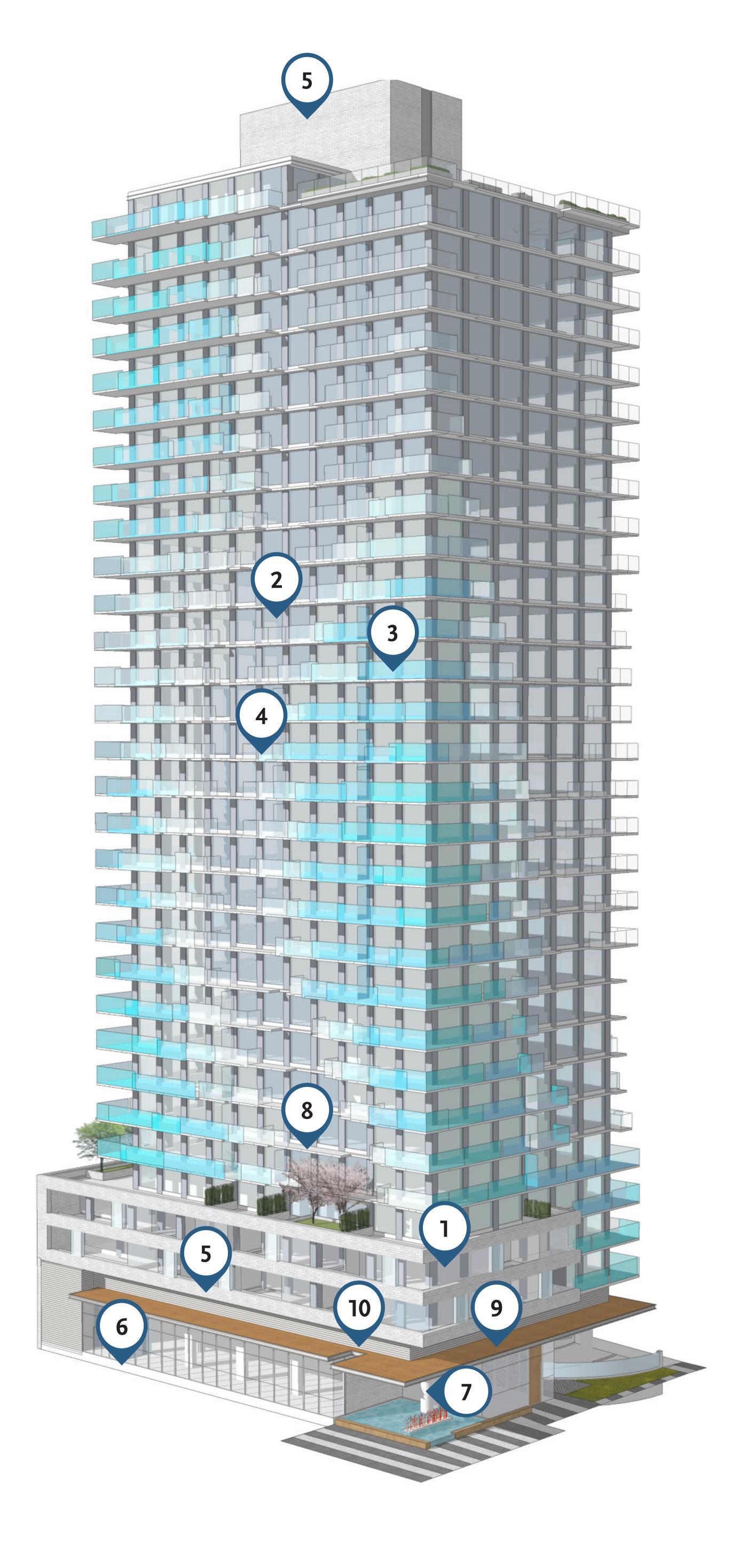


**Aerial View** 

## Materiality

A palette of carefully chosen materials were selected to complement the building form and provide unique identities to the residential and commercial components.

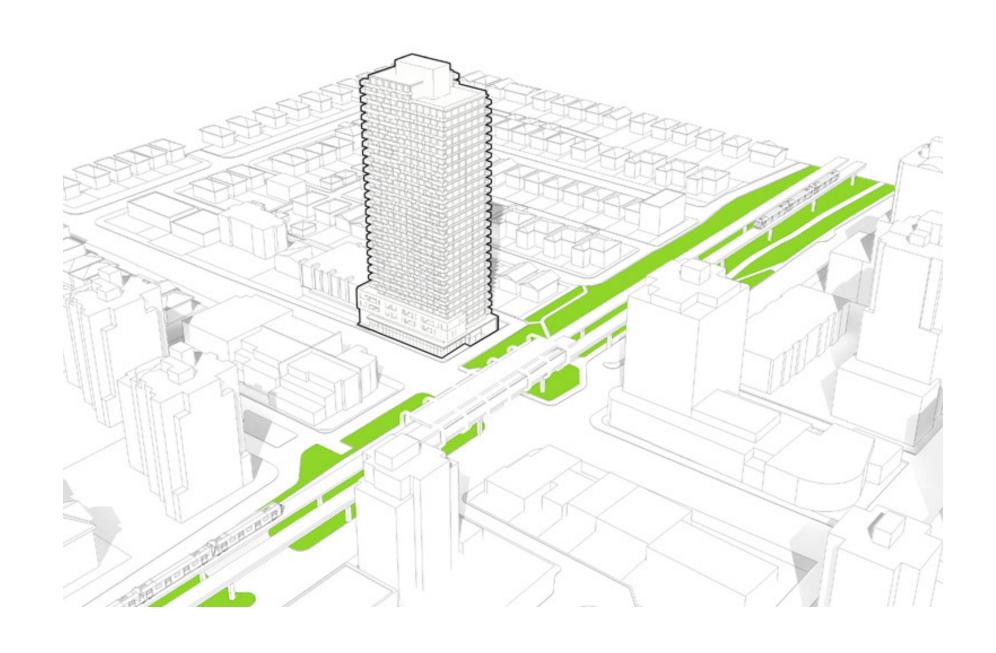




# Landscaping

### Street Level

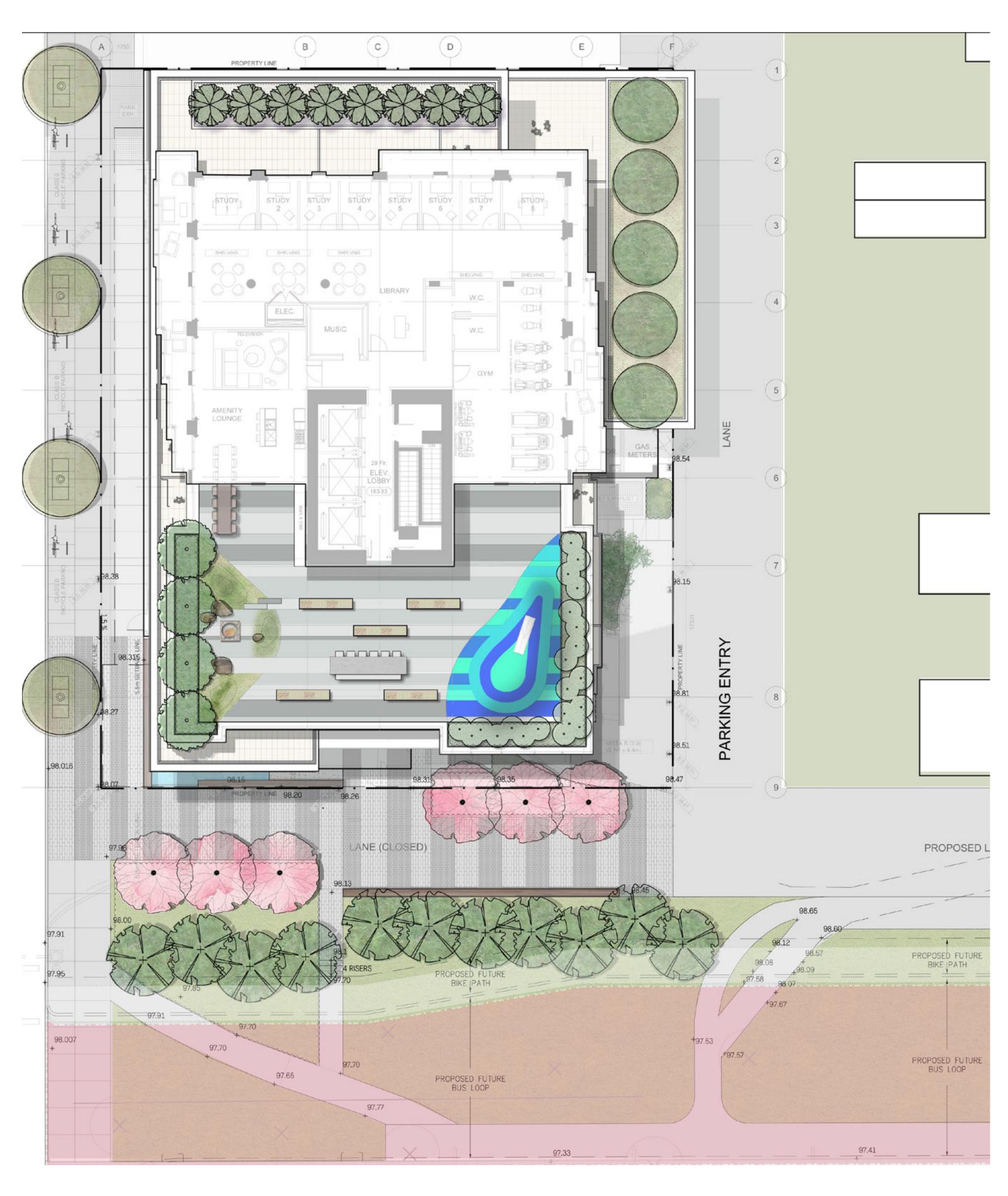
The development is located directly North of the Joyce Skytrain Station and public R.O.W. The site is characterized by multiple scales of movement – pedestrian, bike, vehicular and train.



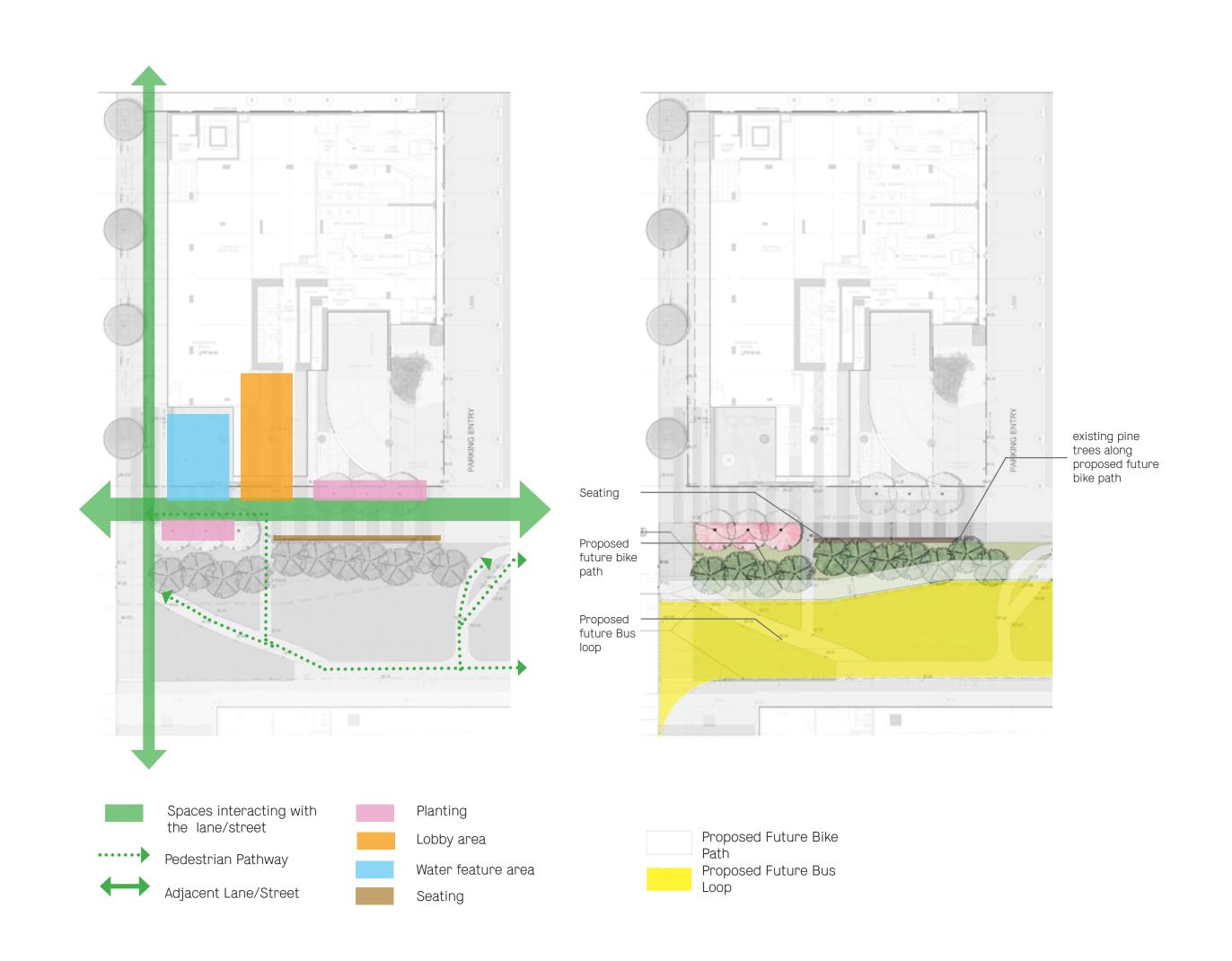








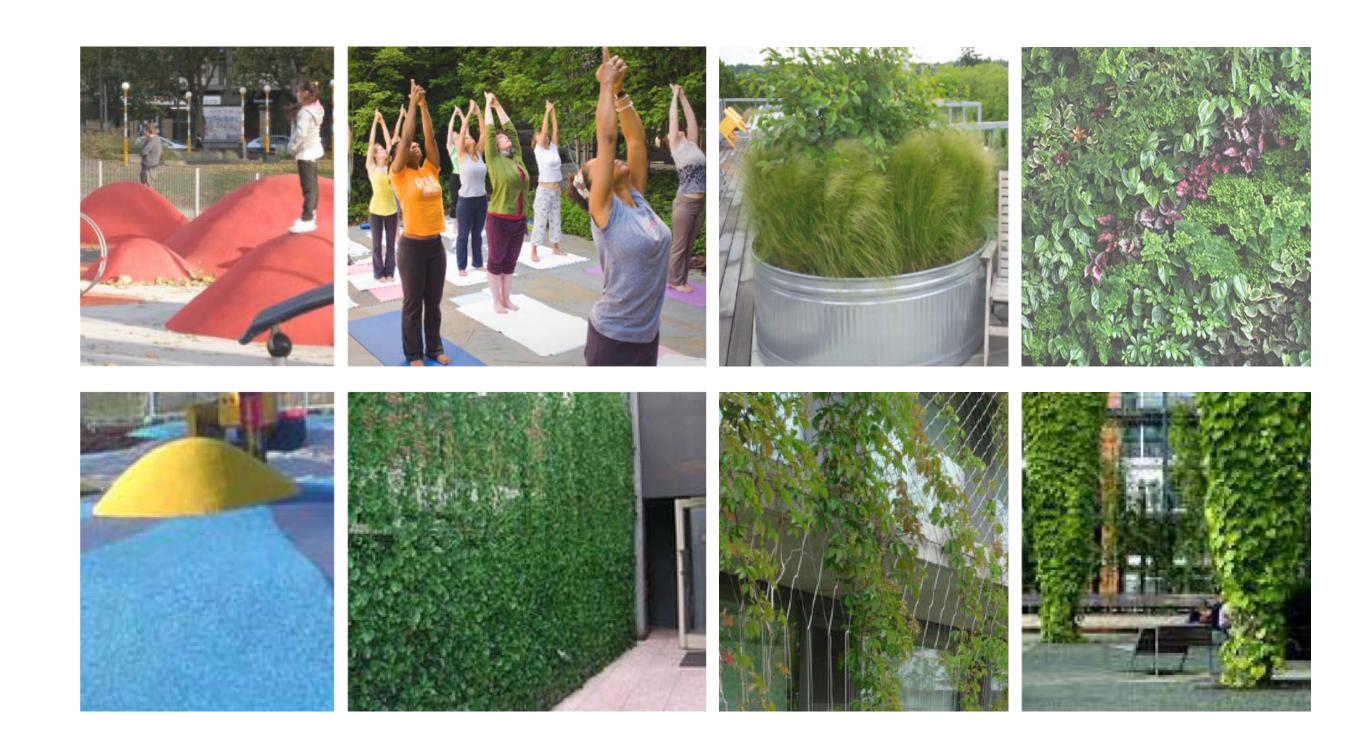
**Ground Floor Plan** 

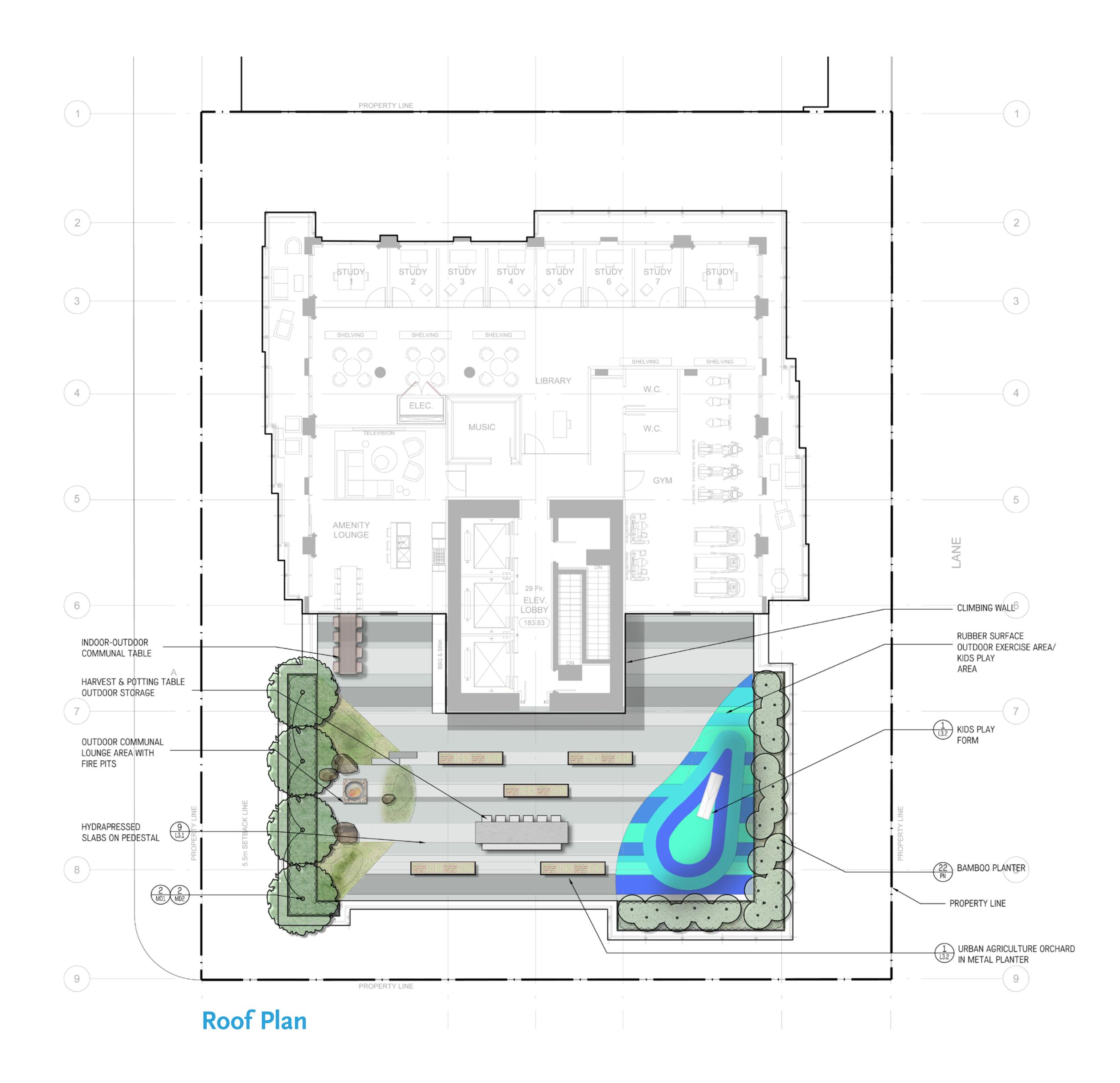


# Landscaping

### **Shared Roof Deck**

The central trellis and planters of the urban agriculture area operate as a hinge, connecting the lounge and the play areas. The rubberized surface of the play-scape serves a dual function and can become an outdoor exercise room.





# Sustainability

### The project will incorporate a number of sustainability features to achieve LEED Gold certification.

A review of the proposed CPC Development relative to the LEED Canada guidelines has been completed. The LEED scorecard demonstrates how the project will achieve LEED Gold Certification with 63 points.



INNOVATION IN DESIGN

Project Total: 63 pts GOLD

Schematic design estimates

Yes	SUSTAIN	ABLE SITES
1	SS 1	Site Selection
5	SS 2	Development Density and Community Connectivity
6	SS 4.1	Alternative Transportation: Public Transportation Access
1	SS 4.2	Alternative Transportation: Bicycle Storage & Changing Rooms
3	SS 4.3	Alternative Transportation: Low-Emitting & Fuel-Efficient Vehicles
2	SS 4.4	Alternative Transportation: Parking Capacity
1	SS 5.1	Site Development: Protect and Restore habitat
1	SS 6.2	Stormwater Design: Quality Control
1	SS 7.1	Heat Island Effect: Non-Roof
1	SS 7.2	Heat Island Effect: Roof

Yes	INDOOR	R ENVIRONMENTAL QUALITY
1	IEQ 2	Increased Ventilation
1	IEQ 3.1	Construction IAQ Management Plan: During Construction
1	IEQ 3.2	Construction IAQ Management Plan: Before Occupancy
1	IEQ 4.1	Low-Emitting Materials: Adhesives and Sealants
1	IEQ 4.2	Low-Emitting Materials: Paints and Coatings
1	IEQ 4.3	Low-Emitting Materials: Flooring Systems
1	IEQ 4.4	Low-Emitting Materials: Composite Wood & Agrifibre Products
1	IEQ 5	Indoor Chemical and Pollutant Source Control
1	IEQ 6.1	Controllability of System: Lighting
1	IEQ 8.2	Daylight and Views: Views

Yes	WATER EFFICIENCY	
2	WE 1	Water Efficient Landscaping
2	WE 3	Water Use Reduction

2	WE 1	Water Efficient Landscaping	1	ID 1.1	Innovation in Design: Green Education
2	WE 3	Water Use Reduction		ID 1.2	Innovation in Design: Green Cleaning
			1	ID 1.3	Innovation in Design: Exemplary Performance – SSc4.1 or SSc7.1
Yes	ENERGY & ATMOSPHERE		1	ID 1.4	Innovation in Design: Organic Landscape Management Plan
6	EA 1	Optimize Energy Performance	1	ID 1.5	Innovation in Design: Low Mercury Lighting or Low Emitting Furniture
2	EA 3	Enhanced Commissioning	1	ID 2	LEED® Accredited Professional

Yes	ENERGY & ATMOSPHERE	
6	EA 1	Optimize Energy Performance
2	EA 3	Enhanced Commissioning
3	EA 4	Enhanced Refrigerant Management
2	EA 6	Green Power

Yes	REGION	REGIONAL PRIORITY		
1	RP 1	Durable Building		
1	RP 2.1	Regional Priority Credit – Durable Building		
1	RP 2.2	Regional Priority Credit – Development Density and Connectivity		
1	RP 2.3	Regional Priority Credit – Water Use Reduction (≥35%)		

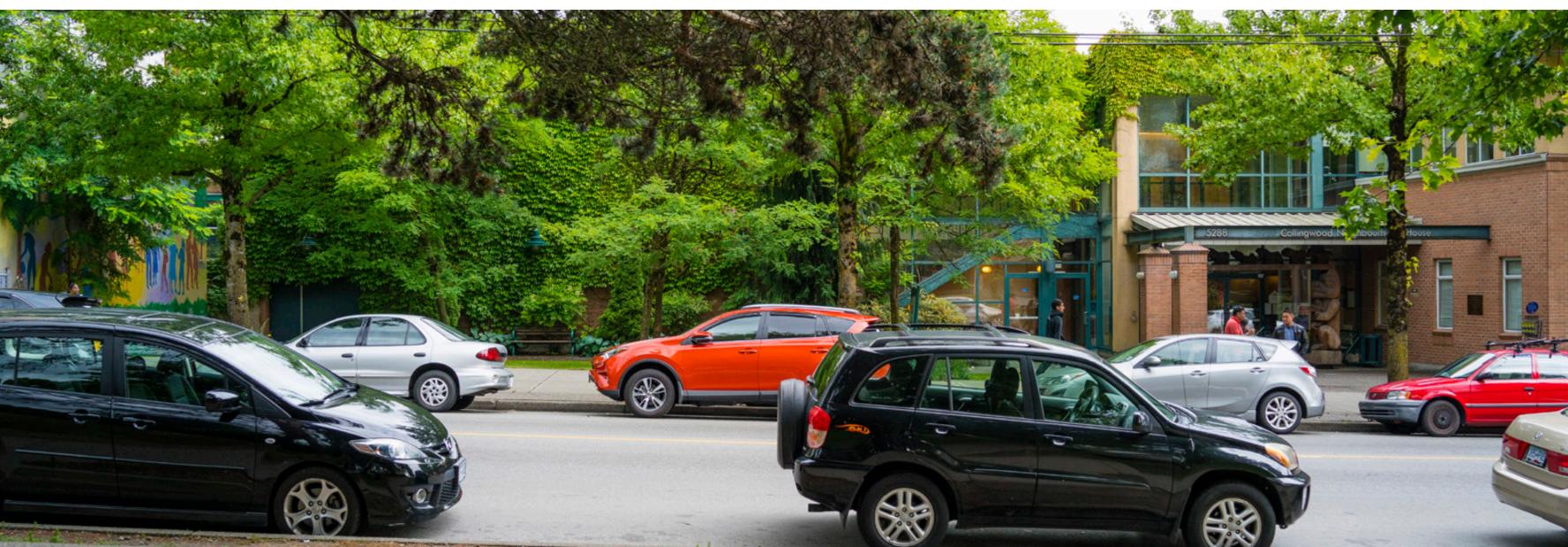
Yes	MATERIALS & RESOURCES		
2	MR 2	Construction Waste Management	
2	MR 4	Recycled Content	
2	MR 5	Regional Materials	

### Public Art

As part of the rezoning process, public art will be incorporated into the development. A public art plan will be reviewed by the City's Public Art Committee and involve input from the Collingwood-Neighbourhood House and local artists.







#### Public Art Opportunity 1

Note: this suggested public art opportunity will be further explored during the application process.

Opportunity 1 envisions an entry animating landscape art piece for the garden court of the Collingwood Neighbourhood House to be commissioned by a local community artist. The artist selection committee would include, among others, representatives from the Collingwood Neighbourhood House.



#### **Public Art Opportunity 2**

Opportunity 2 envisions an interactive piece incorporating water and sound, building upon the development's river run concept, animating the project's interface with the public realm.

### Shadow Studies

Detailed shadow studies have been performed to better understand the impact of the project on the surrounding context, to minimize shadowing and to preserve access to daylight. Computer generated shadow diagrams illustrate the impact of the proposed building at the summer and winter solstices.

### Summer Solstice – June 21







10:00 AM

12:00 PM

2:00 PM

### Winter Solstice – December 21







10:00 AM

12:00 PM

2:00 PM

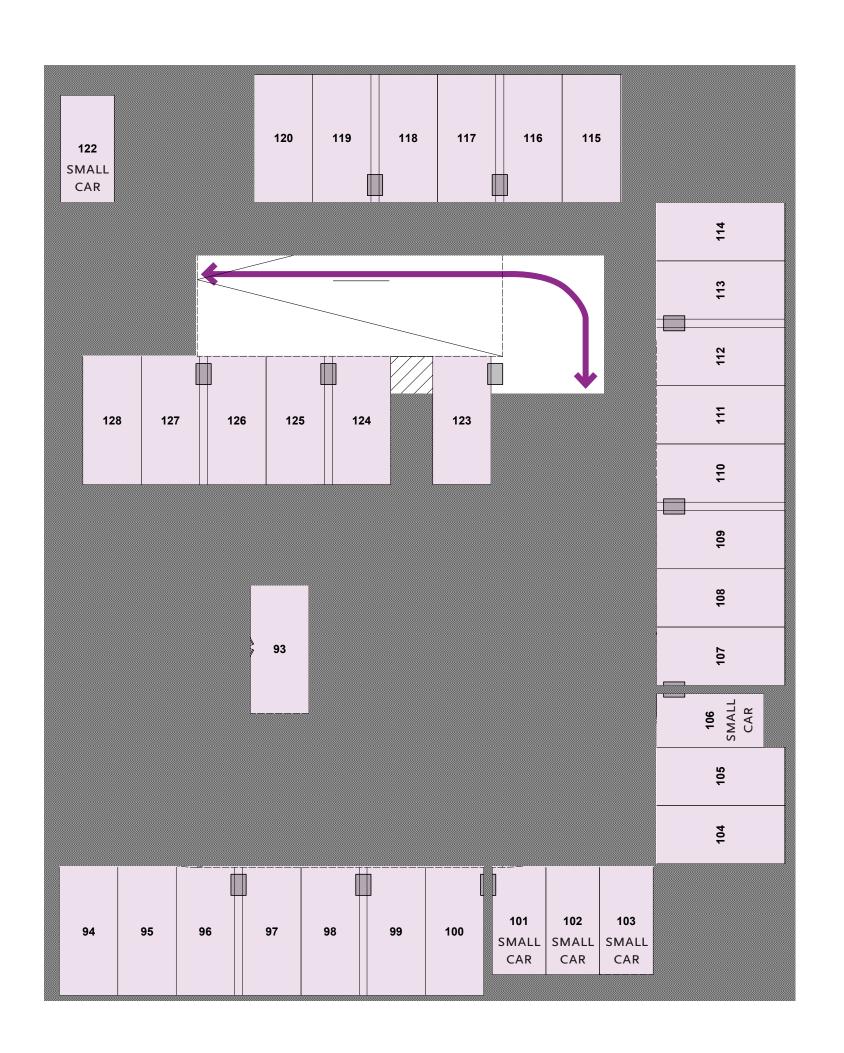




P

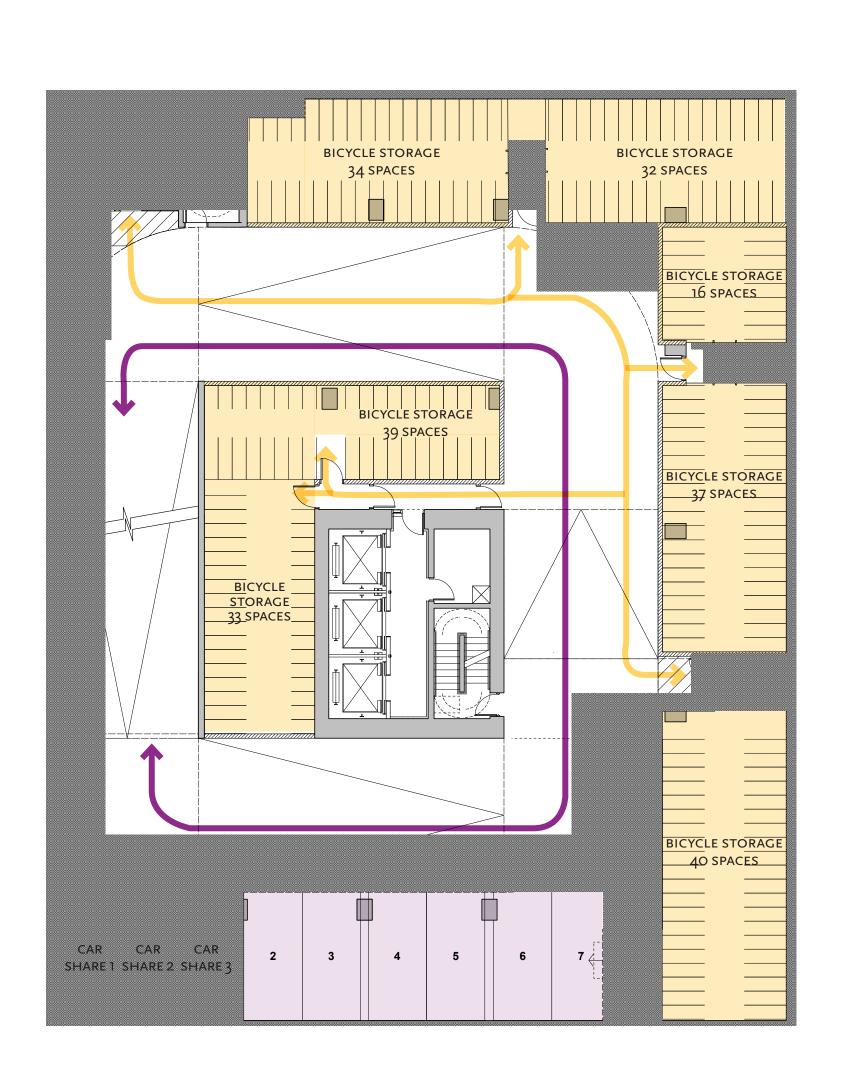
Proposed Development Incremental Ground Plane Shadows

# Traffic, Loading & Parking



#### P6 Plan

PARKING SPACES	COMMERCIAL	RESIDENTIAL
Stalls	8	0
Disability Parking Stalls	1 (inc. in 8)	8 (inc. in 128)
0.5 Stalls per Unit	0	128
Small Car Stalls	0	11 (inc. in 128)
Car Share Stalls	0	3
Total	8	131

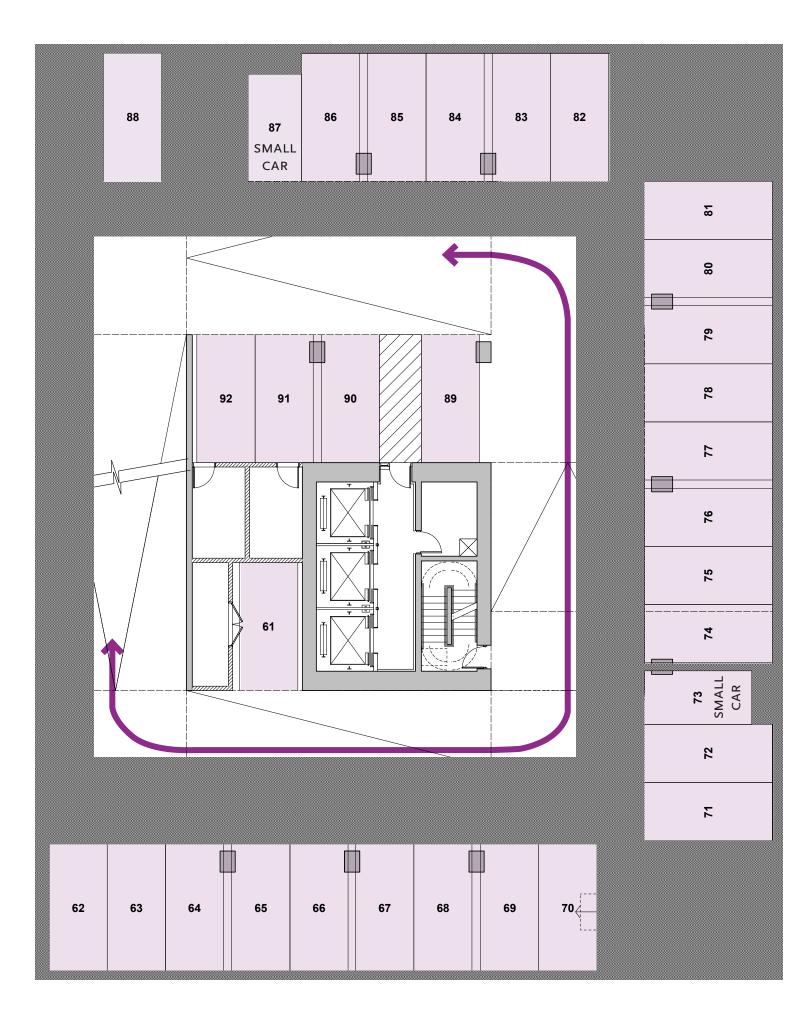


#### P2 Plan

→ Access to Bicycle Parking

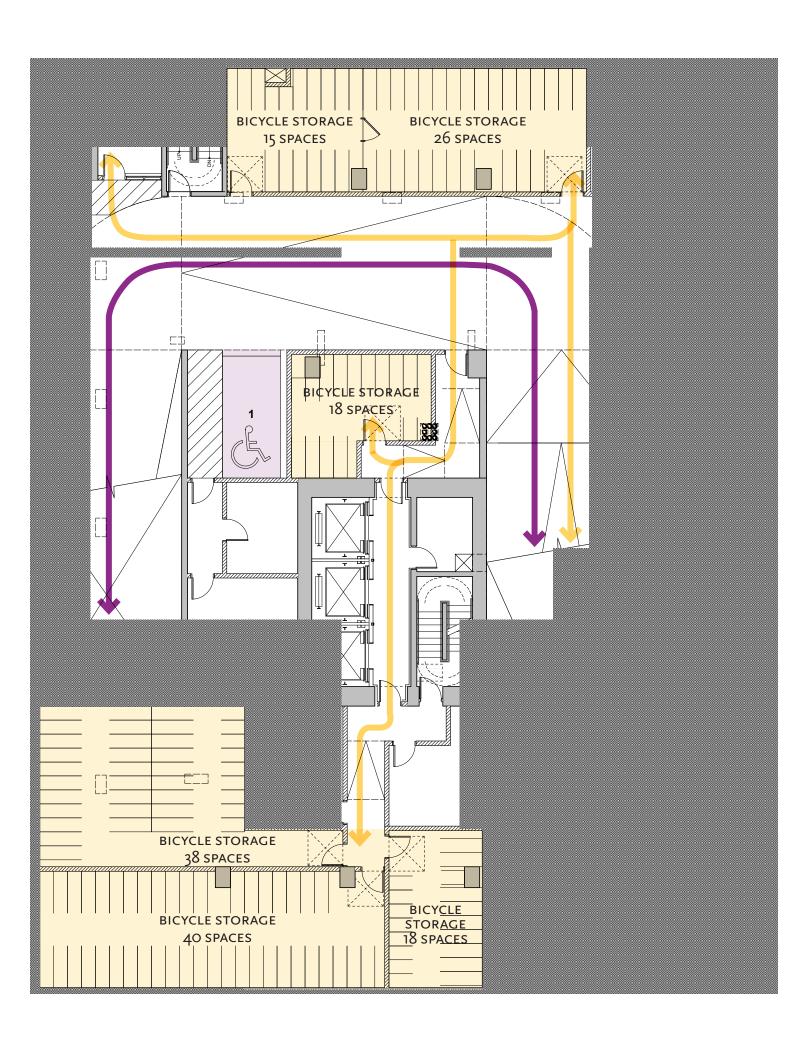
→ Access to Car Parking

---> Access to Loading



P5 & P4 Plan

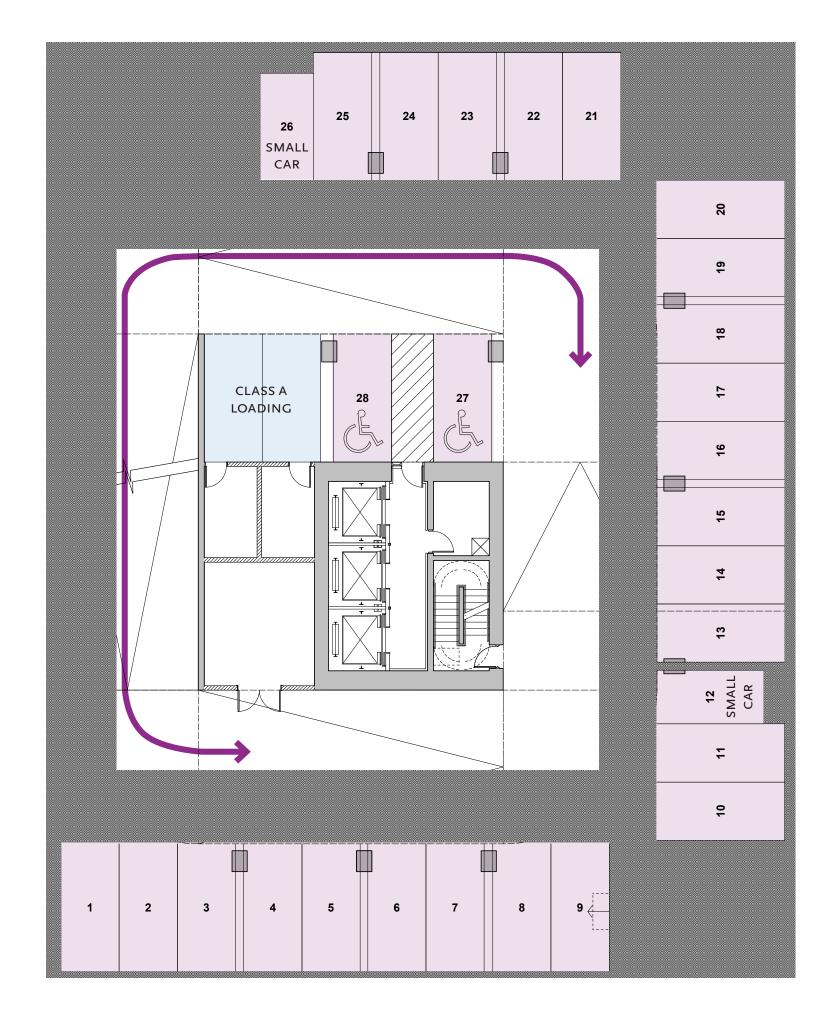
BICYCLE PARKING	COMMERCIAL	RESIDENTIAL
Class A	2	320
Class B	6	6



#### P1 Plan

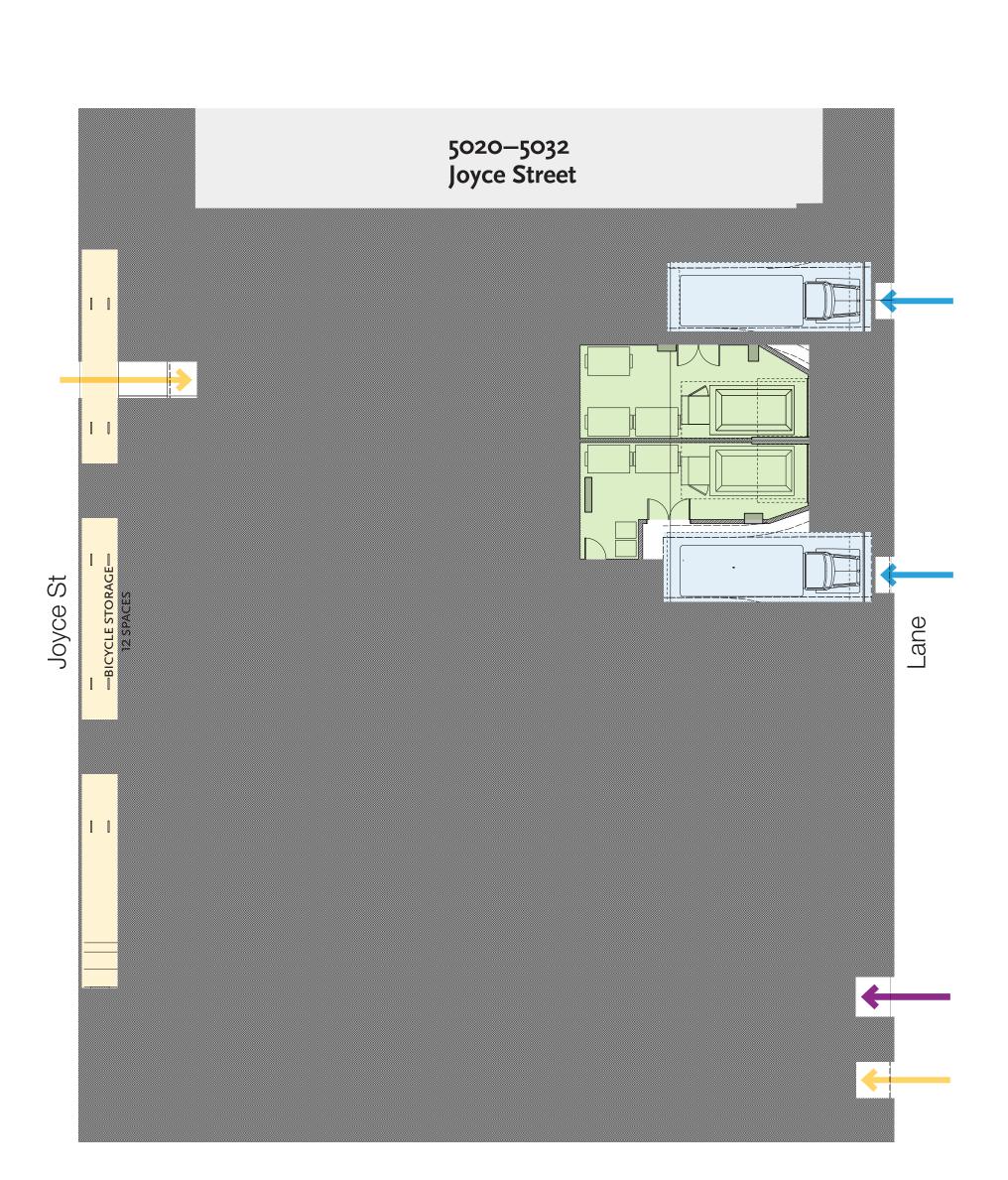
Recycling/Garbage Compactor

Car Parking Residential



#### P3 Plan

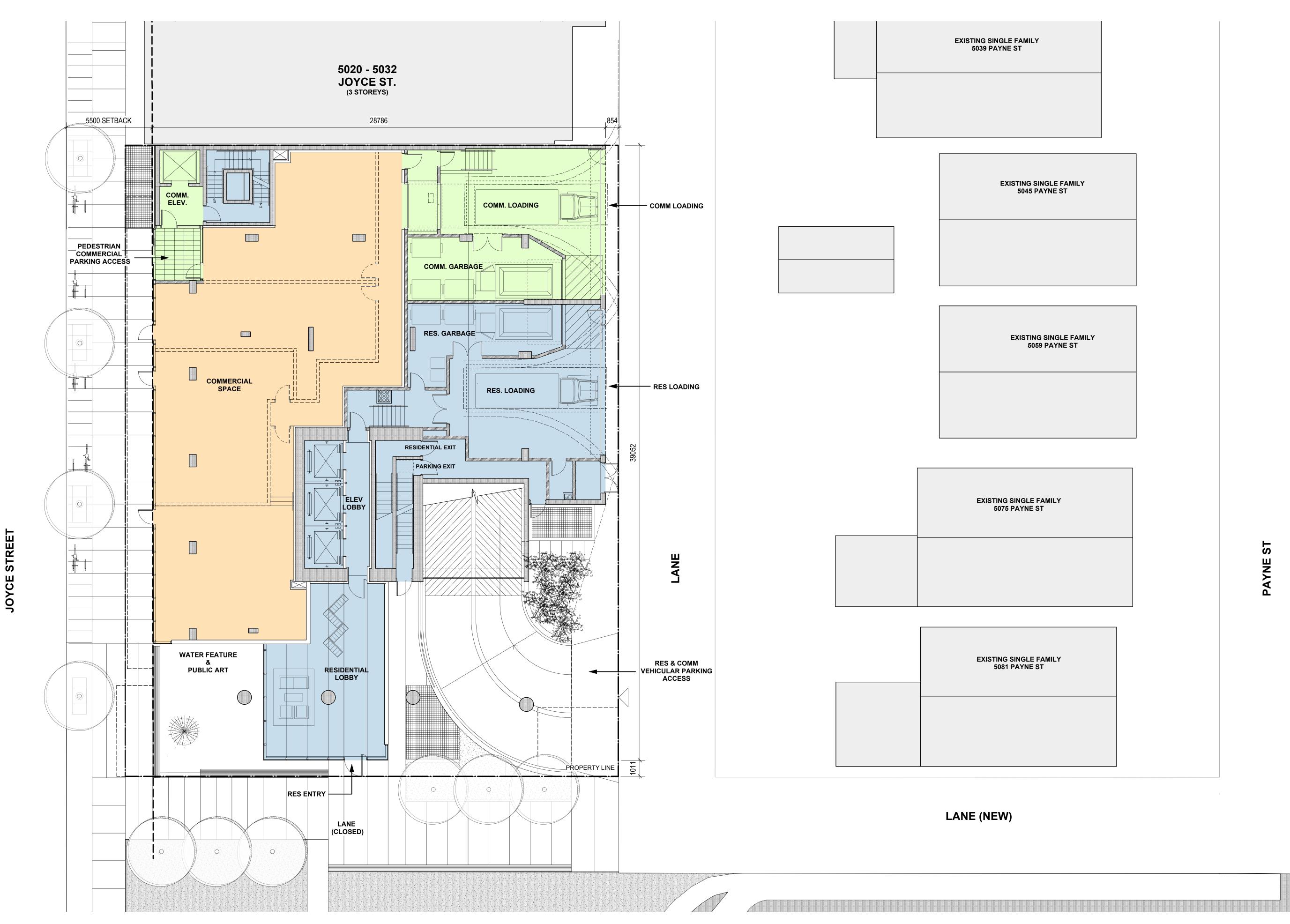
LOADING	COMMERCIAL	RESIDENTIAL
Class A	0	2
Class B	1	1
Class C	0	0



**Ground Floor Plan** 

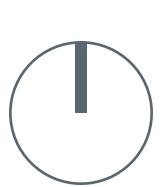
Class A Bicycle Parking

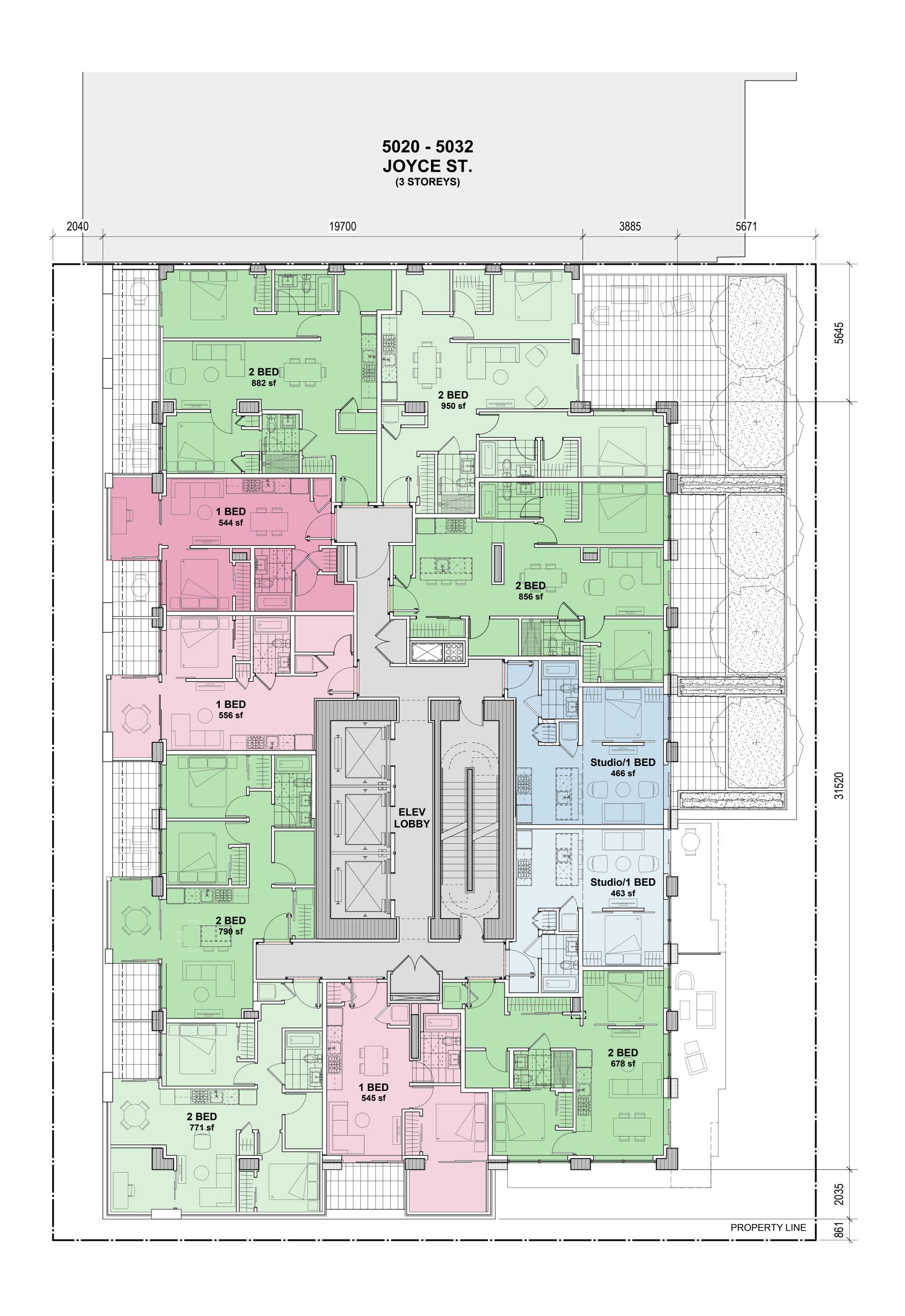
Loading Bay



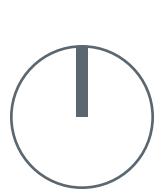
JOYCE-COLLINGWOOD SKYTRAIN STATION

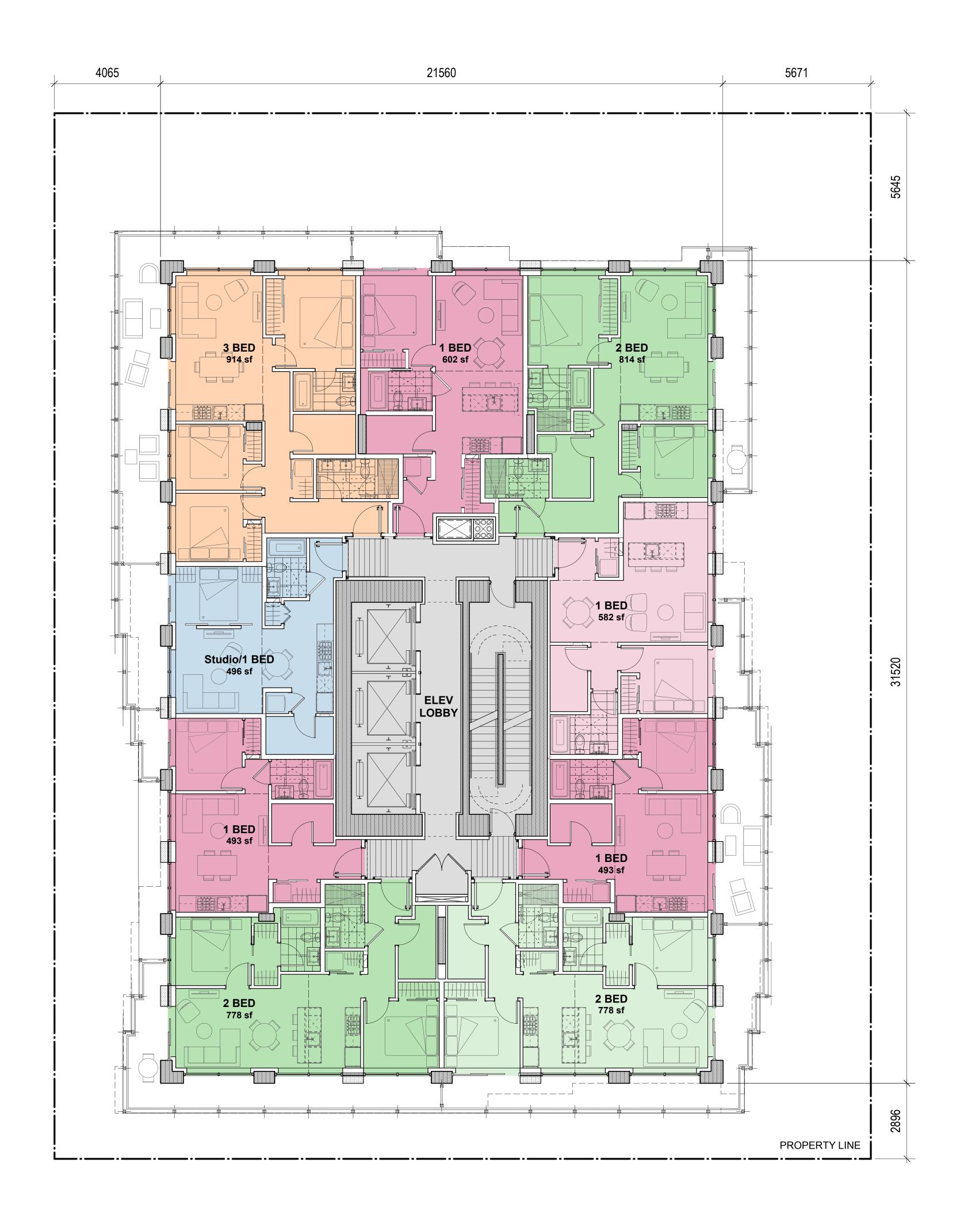
Level 1





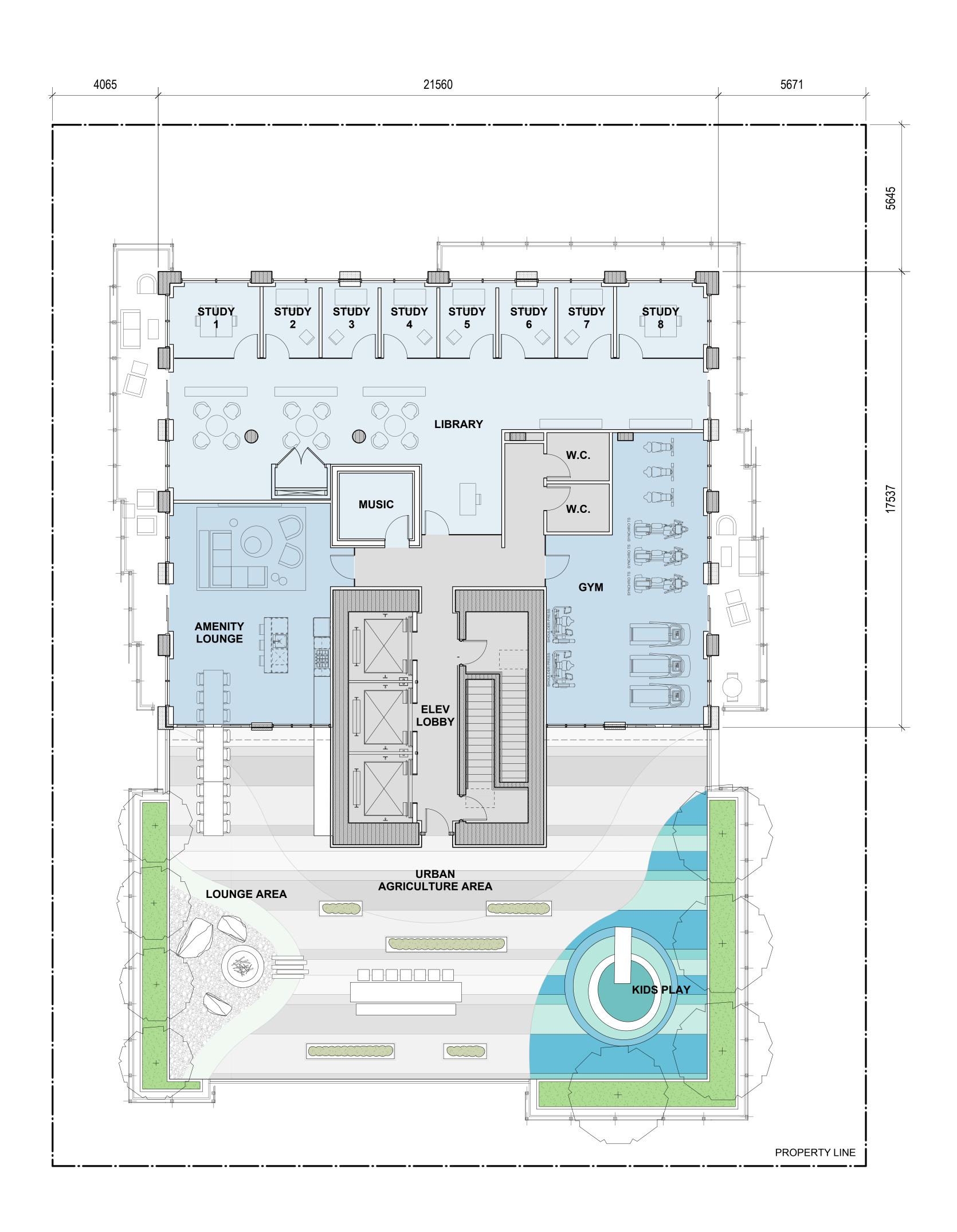
Level 2 (Level 3 similar)



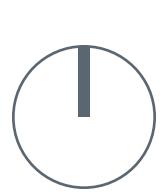


Levels 5–29 (Level 4 similar)

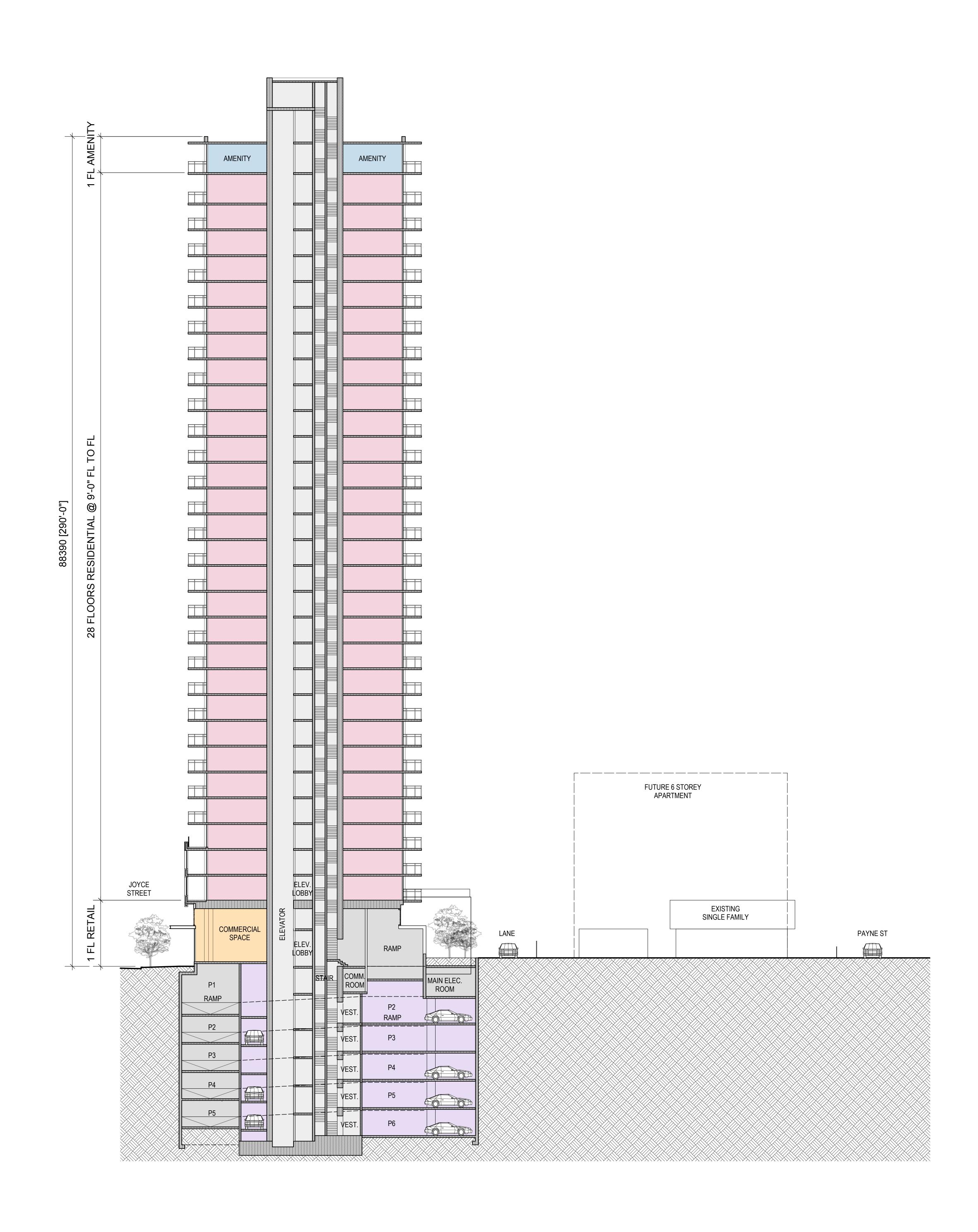




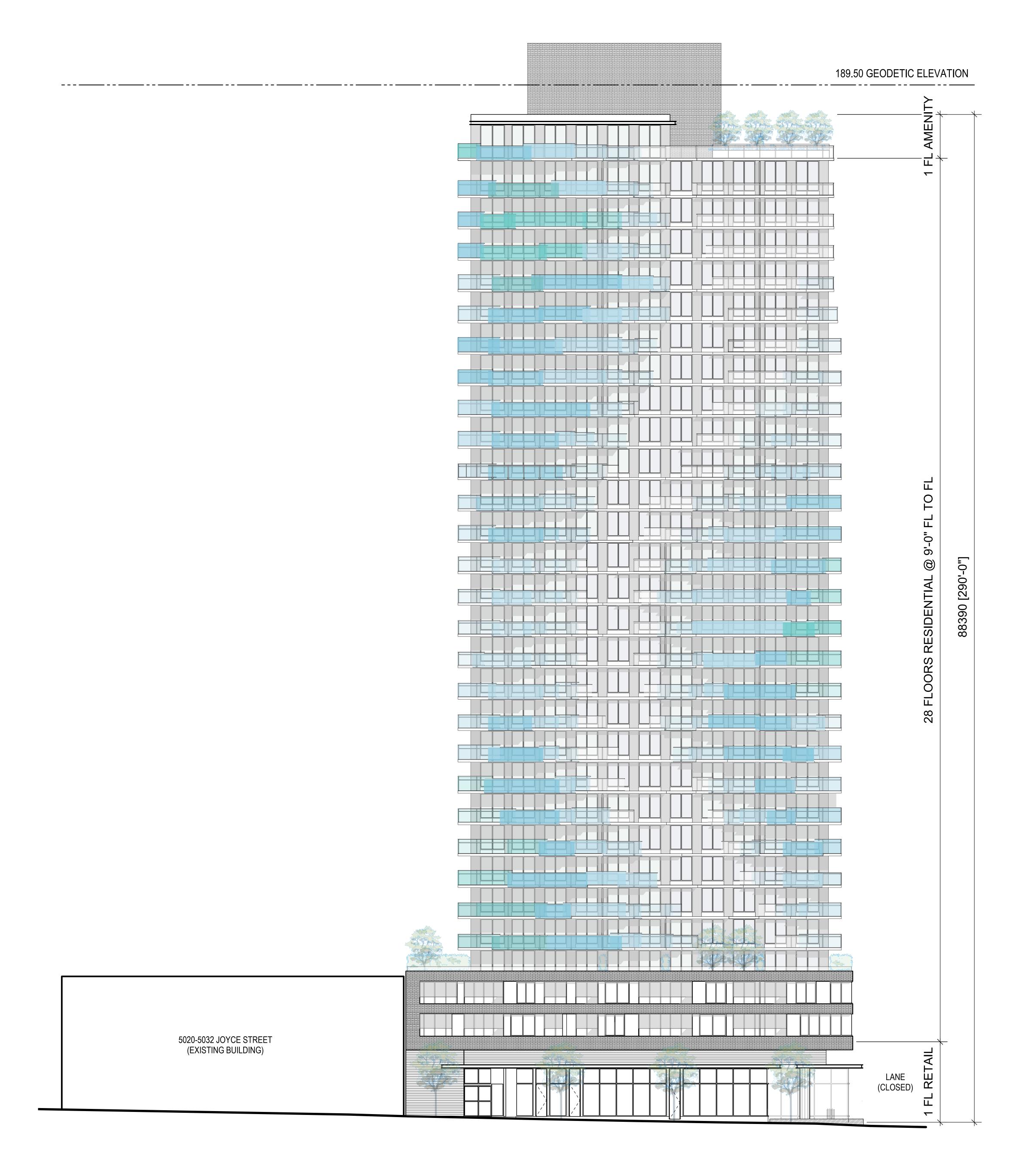
Level 30 Plan – Amenity for residents



### Section



### Elevation



West Elevation

## Elevation



**East Elevation** 



View from Vanness Avenue Looking East



View from Skytrain Looking East